Preventing Heat-Related Illness



A Checklist for Neighbors and Block Captains

Staying Safe during Extreme Heat

This checklist will help you support the health and safety of clients during very hot weather. Use this document to learn more about who is most at-risk, the health effects of extreme heat, methods to keep cool and stay safe at home, and how your organization can prepare for the dangerously hot weather.

Who Is Most At-Risk?

and sugary drinks can cause dehydration.

□ Frequently check on community members who live alone.

Some of your neighbors	may be more likely t	o experience	negative health	ı effects d	uring ver	y hot
weather and some may	have multiple risk fac	ctors:				

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People who work outside	People who are homebound						
People experiencing homlessness	Older adults						
Athletes	Infants and young children						
People without A/C	Pregnant people						
People who live alone	People with some chronic medical conditions						
How can you check on y	our neighbors?						
•	Ily important during times of extreme heat. v your neighbors can stay cool and prevent						
healthy. Neighbor frequently uses a/c. Neighbor does not use a/c, even though they in the Neighbor has access to transportation to go so a/c. If so, where: A family member or friend's home with a/c. A library, senior center, or other public space in Another location:	omewhere else when it is very hot, if they do not have						
□ Neighbor has access to an electric fan to help related illness in temperatures greater than 95°	circulate cool air. Note: fans will not prevent heat- F.						
□ Remind neighbors not to engage in outdoor activities during extremely hot days.							
□ Neighbor's windows, curtains, and blinds are of lam—4pm).	closed during the hottest part of the day (typically						
□ Neighbor has a plan to access cooling in case power goes out in their home.							
□ Neighbor avoids using an oven or stove during very hot weather, which can heat the home.							
□ Neighbor is staying hydrated and drinking cod	ol water throughout the day. Note: caffeine, alcohol,						

□ Neighbor is wearing loose fitting clothing, made from breathable fabric (e.g., cotton).

What are the Signs and Symptoms of Heat-Related Illness?

Exposure to extreme heat can cause make some people extremely sick and make some chronic conditions worse. Note if your neighbor or loved one is experiencing any of the following signs and symptoms of heat-related illness and respond appropriately.

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Heat Stroke		Heat Exhaustion					
Very high body temperature (10	3 F or higher)	Heavy sweating					
Confusion		Cold, pale, and clammy skin					
Hot, red, dry, or damp skin		Fast, weak pulse	Cool down immediately				
Fast, strong pulse	Heat stroke is an emergency, call 911.	Nausea or vomiting	and seek medical attention if the person				
Pounding Headache		Muscle Cramps	does not feel better after an hour.				
Nausea		Tiredness or weakness					
Dizziness		Headache					
Losing consciousness		Fainting					
How Can You Plan to Keep Neighbors Safe?							
To help keep neighbors safe and healthy this summer, ensure your block has a plan, stays informed, and share the below resources:							
 Ensure that your organization is enrolled in the PDPH Community Response Partner Network at bit.ly/PhillyCRPN to receive notifications when the City declares a Heat Health Emergency. During a Heat Health Emergency, the following services are activated: The Philadelphia Corporation for Aging's Heatline is open for calls. Any Philadelphia resident can call (215) 765-9040 to get safety tips and talk to medical professionals to discuss health issues. City-operated cooling centers are open for extended hours. Cooling centers are air conditioned public spaces like libraries, senior centers, and recreation centers. Call 311 or go to bit.ly/PhilaCoolingCenters for cooling center locations. Philadelphia's power utility company PECO halts utility shut-offs. For the duration of the Heat Health Emergency, PECO will not turn off the power of customers' homes due to unpaid bills. 							
Sign up for Ready Philadelphia: To receive free text alerts to your phone on emergencies and severe weather, text "ReadyPhila" to 888-777.							
Prepare and train neighbors on summer heat safety and heat-related illness each spring.							
Review the risk factors associated with heat-related illness during extreme heat events.							
Review the signs and symptoms of heat-related illness during extreme heat events.							
Help develop a heat emergency plan for your organization, which addresses special operations to ensure at risk populations stay healthy during extreme heat events.							
Notify neighbors when extreme heat is in the forecast.							
Provide neighbors with educational materials, including the PDPH Heat Brochure and Summer Newsletter, available at bit.ly/PHPmaterials .							

Public Health