

# **Philadelphia Weekly PHP Outreach Newsletter**

## Philadelphia Department of Public Health

#### The Latest News

- Job opening: Health Equity Advisor
  - The Public Health Preparedness Program (PHP) is looking for a Health Equity Advisor.
  - The Health Equity Advisor will:
    - Ensure PHP interventions maintain a focus on equitable access to emergency information and services in priority areas and with priority populations.
    - Advise the Program on diversity, equity and inclusion both as it relates to structural contexts impacting disparity and local dynamics impacting community preparedness and resilience.
    - Develop mechanisms for internal and external evaluation of equity initiatives within the Program and serve on program and division level health justice and racial equity workgroups.
  - Find the full job description at: <a href="https://bit.ly/PHPEquityAdvisor">https://bit.ly/PHPEquityAdvisor</a>
  - Applications due by September 9, 2022.
- Free at home COVID-19 tests from the federal government pausing on Friday, September 2.
  - Due to lack of federal funding, this program will be pausing.
  - You can order free test kits now through Friday at: www.covid.gov/tests
- Free COVID Testing Kits Available for Distribution by CBOs
  - PDPH has procured a supply of at-home COVID-19 test kits and will be offering these tests to community-based organizations (CBOs) serving clients and patrons in areas of high COVID-19 risk.
  - Request your free test kits here: https://bit.ly/CBOtestDistro
- PDPH Launches the Primary Care Finder: www.phila.gov/primary-care
  - Find free or low-cost medical care in Philadelphia
  - Search by location, type primary care, specialty care or testing services.
  - The goal of this tool is to increase access to free or low-cost primary care services for Philadelphians, especially people who are uninsured or underinsured.
- New CDC guidelines on COVID-19
  - The CDC has updated guidelines on how to stay safe from COVID-19
  - More information available at: https://bit.ly/PDPHCOVIDUpdateAug2022
- Text-to-911 now fully operational in Philadelphia
  - Text-to-911 is a service that allows the public to send a text message to 911.
  - Individuals who are Deaf, Hard-of-Hearing, and those who face communication barriers may find this service a more accessible means of interface with 911.
  - More information available at: <a href="https://bit.ly/PATextTo911">https://bit.ly/PATextTo911</a>

#### **COVID-19: Resources and Services**

- Where to find COVID-19 vaccine:
  - Call 3-1-1 or visit **phila.gov/vaccine** or **vaccines.gov** to find a vaccine clinic near you.
    - For interpretation, call 3-1-1, press #5 and say your language.
    - Visit <a href="https://bit.ly/KnowB4Ugo">https://bit.ly/KnowB4Ugo</a> for updates on transportation, access and functional needs resources, and up-to-date access descriptions of City-run clinics.



- Options for COVID-19 vaccines for uninsured residents include:
  - Free vaccine at City health centers and pop-up clinics, for insured and uninsured residents. No ID is required at these locations
  - Other sites, like pharmacies, may bill your insurance company or charge you a direct fee. Call these sites before you go to find out about their policies.
- More information available at: www.phila.gov/vaccine and bit.ly/COVIDvaxFAQ-PDPH
- What to do if you lost your vaccination card?
  - Ask your healthcare provider first, if they cannot help, call 215-685-5488 or email covid@phila.gov to request a copy of your vaccine record.
  - The CDC does not provide copies of COVID-19 vaccination card.
- Stock up on FREE N95 masks
  - Visit https://bit.ly/FreeN95s for free masks from the Strategic National Stockpile
- Stock up on home tests
  - How to get FREE home tests even if you do not have insurance:
    - Each household can place 3 orders of 4 free tests, for 12 tests total.
    - Order at: https://www.covidtests.gov/
  - How to get home tests paid for if you do have insurance:
    - Health insurance companies are required to reimburse 8 at-home tests per month for each person enrolled in the plan and will reimburse up to \$12 per individual test.
    - Submit receipts for tests that you've purchased to your health plan, along with any other necessary documentation required by the health plan.
    - Detailed information here: https://go.cms.gov/3Lqo0Yk

#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on intradermal administration of the monkeypox vaccine

- Why is PDPH offering the intradermal (ID) vaccine?
  - PDPH has been giving out the monkeypox vaccine to thousands of Philadelphians who have either been exposed or are likely to be exposed to monkeypox.
    - However, there has not been enough vaccine to give it to everyone who needs it. The supply is extremely limited.
  - Giving the vaccine as an intradermal injection means we can vaccinate 5 times more people. See below for more
- What is an intradermal vaccine and how is it different?
  - Intradermal administration of a vaccine is given at a lower dose (only 20% of the doses we've been giving out so far), and it's injected into the layers of your skin, similar to how you would get a TB or allergy test.
    - We have been giving monkeypox vaccine subcutaneously, which means deeper into your arm, in the fat layer.
      - This is how you receive other vaccines, like the flu shot.
  - Giving the intradermal vaccine lets us get up to five times as many doses out of the vial.
    - This means we can vaccinate up to five times as many people.
- Has this method been tested?
  - Scientific evidence supports the safety and effectiveness of giving this vaccine this way...
    - A 2015 NIH-funded clinical study of the JYNNEOS vaccine compared a lower volume of the vaccine administered intradermally to a larger dose given subcutaneously.



- Results of the study showed that both groups produced similar immune responses to the vaccine.
- Other vaccines can also be given this way when there are shortages.
  - It's been done before for vaccines for Hepatitis B and rabies.
- Other studies comparing intradermal to other administration routes with hepatitis b, rabies, and flu vaccines showed similar immune response with both routes.
  - This means that you have a similar level of protection with both types of vaccine administration.
- Why were ID vaccines not available in the beginning?
  - The Health Department can make this change because of a recent emergency use authorization by the U.S.
    FDA.
  - Now, after scientific review by the FDA and CDC, it has been determined that it is safe and effective to give a lower dose of the JYNNEOS vaccine intradermally.
- Are there restrictions on who can get vaccinated intradermally?
  - Children under the age of 18 and people prone to keloid scarring cannot get vaccinated this way.
  - Talk to your healthcare provider to see what will be best for you.
- Are there any side effects?
  - The injection site of the intradermal shot has been shown to be a bit redder and itchier, but it's also less painful than with the subcutaneous injection.
  - The bump at the site may also be longer lasting months as opposed to weeks.
- How can I get either monkeypox vaccine?
  - The amount of vaccine available is extremely limited at this time.
  - Vaccine is still only available by invitation only.
  - If you'd like to talk to someone about whether you are eligible to receive a vaccine, call the Health Department Call Center at 215-685-5488.
- More information available at: https://bit.ly/PHLmpxID

### **Monkeypox Resources and Services**

- People who are concerned that they've been exposed, or believe they are at high risk of being exposed to monkeypox, should call the PDPH Call Center at 215-685-5488 to see if they are eligible to be vaccinated.
- Find the latest information on cases and vaccine at: <a href="https://bit.ly/MPXDashboard">https://bit.ly/MPXDashboard</a>
- Updated every Monday.
- Find the latest guidance about monkeypox at: https://bit.ly/PHLMonkeypoxInfo
- Find the latest flyers and printable information at: https://bit.ly/PHPGuidance
- Find information on precautions to take while you wait for your Monkeypox vaccine at: <a href="https://bit.ly/MPXvaxWait">https://bit.ly/MPXvaxWait</a>
- If you would like to receive the weekly Monkeypox newsletter update, email: <u>publichealthpreparedness@phila.gov</u>

#### **More Information**

- PDPH Call Center:
  - Call 215-685-5488, Press 3 for interpretation in your language, press 2 for Spanish. Dial 711 for TRS/TTY assistance.
- Philadelphia Coronavirus Helpline
  - Call 800-722-7112, press #9 for interpretation. Open 24/7!



- Talk to a medical professional about COVID-19 symptoms, exposure, vaccine, tests, Etc.
- Frequently asked questions on all 3 vaccines:
  - From PDPH: https://bit.ly/COVIDvaxFAQ-PDPH (English)
  - From the CDC: <a href="https://bit.ly/COVIDvaxFAQ-CDC">https://bit.ly/COVIDvaxFAQ-CDC</a> (English, Chinese, Vietnamese, Korean, and more)

### **How to Stay Connected**

- Health and Emergency Updates
  - Text ReadyPhila to 888-777 and get updates to your phone
  - Find the latest information at phila.gov, Facebook, and Twitter
- Join the Community Response Partner Network
  - This newsletter is sent to the <u>Community Response Partner Network</u>, part of the PDPH Public Health Preparedness Program.
  - Sign up at <a href="https://bit.ly/phlcommunityresponse">https://bit.ly/phlcommunityresponse</a> to get essential public health information, then pass it on to your family, friends, and community.
- Questions or suggestions?
  - Email us at <a href="mailto:publichealthpreparedness@phila.gov">publichealthpreparedness@phila.gov</a>
  - Leave a message with the Public Health Preparedness Program Outreach Team at 215-429-3016.

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