

DIVISION OF  
DISEASE CONTROL

20  
16

# ANNUAL REPORT



Department of  
**Public Health**  
CITY OF PHILADELPHIA  
LIFE • LIBERTY • AND YOU™



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>OVERVIEW</b>	DISEASE REPORTING TRENDS REGIONAL OVERVIEW	5 7
<b>2</b>	<b>CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM INFECTIONS &amp; SEPSIS</b>	GROUP A STREPTOCOCCUS HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE LISTERIOSIS MENINGITIS, ASEPTIC STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE	10 11 12 13 14
<b>3</b>	<b>GASTROINTESTINAL INFECTIONS</b>	OVERVIEW CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS GIARDIASIS SALMONELLOSIS SHIGELLOSIS	17 19 20 21 22 24
<b>4</b>	<b>RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS</b>	INFLUENZA LEGIONELLOSIS TUBERCULOSIS	26 27 28
<b>5</b>	<b>SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES</b>	OVERVIEW CHLAMYDIA GONORRHEA SYPHILIS-PRIMARY & SECONDARY SYPHILIS-LATENT	30 32 34 36 38
<b>6</b>	<b>VACCINE-PREVENTABLE DISEASES</b>	CHICKEN POX & SHINGLES MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE PERTUSSIS	41 43 44
<b>7</b>	<b>VECTORBORNE DISEASES</b>	TICKBORNE INFECTIONS ARBOVIRAL INFECTIONS ZIKA VIRUS LYME DISEASE MALARIA WEST NILE VIRUS	46 47 48 49 50 50
<b>8</b>	<b>VIRAL HEPATITIS INFECTIONS</b>	HEPATITIS A HEPATITIS B & C-ACUTE HEPATITIS B-CHRONIC HEPATITIS B & C-PERINATAL HEPATITIS C-CHRONIC	52 53 54 55 56
<b>9</b>	<b>REPORTING DISEASES &amp; CONDITIONS</b>	NOTIFIABLE DISEASE LIST REPORT FORM	58 59

# T OVERVIEW

DISEASE REPORTING TRENDS  
REGIONAL OVERVIEW

# DISEASE REPORTING TRENDS

Reports of Communicable Diseases Per Year:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016

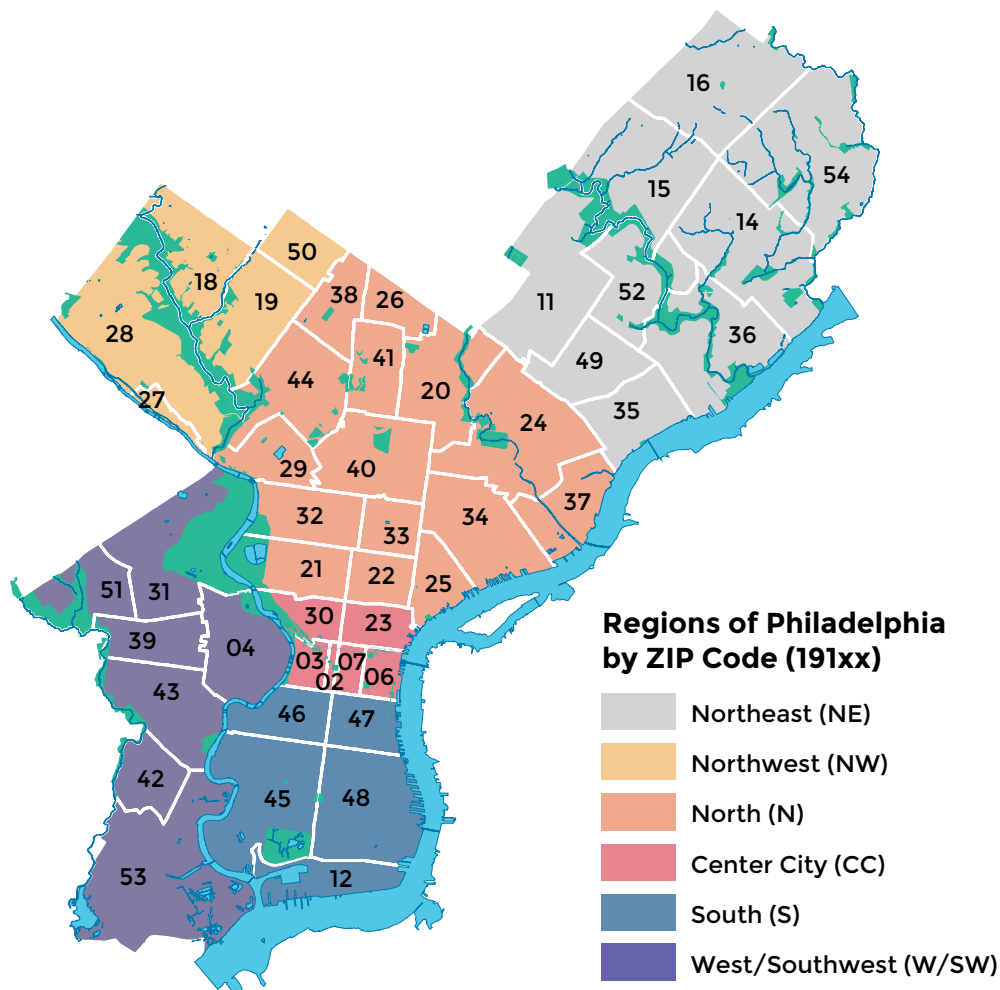
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Amebiasis	19	14	13	4	9	11	13	15	8	2
Animal Bites/Exposures	1499	1641	1768	1624	1513	1598	1586	1644	1718	1722
Anthrax	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Babesiosis	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	2
Botulism	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	1	0	3
Brucellosis	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Campylobacteriosis	80	118	117	121	141	182	103	167	211	203
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i>	17029	17012	18104	19428	20471	20803	19570	18935	19169	19959
Cholera	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Cryptosporidiosis	94	23	38	17	14	18	58	30	26	48
Cyclosporiasis	2	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	3	4
Dengue Fever	8	1	0	3	1	1	11	0	5	3
Diphtheria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Escherichia coli</i> , Shiga Toxin-Producing (STEC)	4	8	10	14	9	12	6	10	11	25
Giardiasis	65	99	106	122	43	60	76	65	61	58
Gonorrhea	5246	4950	4823	6533	6761	7293	6303	5961	6260	6957
Guillian-Barre Syndrome	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	3
Haemophilus influenzae [Type B]	19 [2]	11 [1]	30 [7]	28 [1]	22 [2]	39 [1]	26 [0]	23 [1]	24 [2]	36 [3]
Hepatitis A	9	10	2	13	8	2	6	6	6	9
Hepatitis B, Acute	15	21	9	5	7	4	5	7	8	5
Hepatitis C, Acute (Non-A, Non-B Until 1998)	0	0	0	1	0	20	42	67	79	130
Histoplasmosis	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	2	1
Legionellosis	24	26	60	33	64	29	61	42	53	34
Leptospirosis	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Listeriosis	8	5	5	8	2	6	10	3	2	2
Lyme Disease	172	281	363	238	301	191	189	140	252	236
Malaria	7	19	16	22	19	13	21	30	18	22
Measles	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Meningitis, Aseptic	86	79	68	84	104	92	124	60	55	48
Meningitis, Bacterial	4	4	6	12	12	5	3	0	2	3
Meningococcal Infections	9	5	12	5	4	6	3	2	0	2
Mumps	1	1	0	54	21	4	3	0	1	5
Pertussis	39	54	65	74	49	268	86	127	111	101

# DISEASE REPORTING TRENDS (Cont.)

Reports of Communicable Diseases Per Year:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016 (Cont.)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Plague	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rabies (Human)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rickettsial Diseases, Including RMSF	2	3	0	9	4	12	8	10	8	5
Rubella, Including Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Salmonellosis, Excluding Typhoid	404	420	396	395	301	305	284	229	237	188
Shigellosis	138	206	1051	141	41	48	66	66	90	311
<i>Strep Pneumoniae</i> , Invasive	162	165	198	154	158	103	149	101	119	136
<i>Streptococcus</i> , Invasive gp. A [TSS]	34 [0]	75 [0]	49 [1]	66 [0]	73 [0]	61 [0]	56 [0]	95 [0]	90 [0]	78 [1]
Syphilis-Primary & Secondary	136	150	218	238	207	269	278	308	314	428
Syphilis-Congenital	9	7	4	1	4	5	1	4	4	5
Syphilis-Total	500	526	704	667	698	798	962	894	916	927
Tetanus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Toxic Shock Syndrome, Staphylococcal	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Tuberculosis	133	162	98	96	101	86	89	78	72	74
Tularemia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	6	2	2	3	2	1	5	3	1
Varicella (Chicken Pox only)	735	349	326	261	262	118	167	118	123	111
Vibrio SPP. Other	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	4	6	7
West Nile Virus	0	8	0	13	1	9	3	5	0	4
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0

# REGIONAL OVERVIEW



**Total Population Count by Age and Region:  
Philadelphia, 2010\***

	NE	NW	N	CC/S	W/SW	Total
<b>Age</b>						
0-4 Yrs	23127	5055	41227	13888	17760	101057
5-17 Yrs	56820	12189	103578	26046	44165	242798
18-34 Yrs	86479	29154	149432	95613	89090	449768
35-60 Yrs	122363	34069	171370	81045	81124	489971
>60 Yrs	67760	20906	69859	43269	40698	242492
<b>Total</b>	356549	101373	535466	259861	272837	1526086

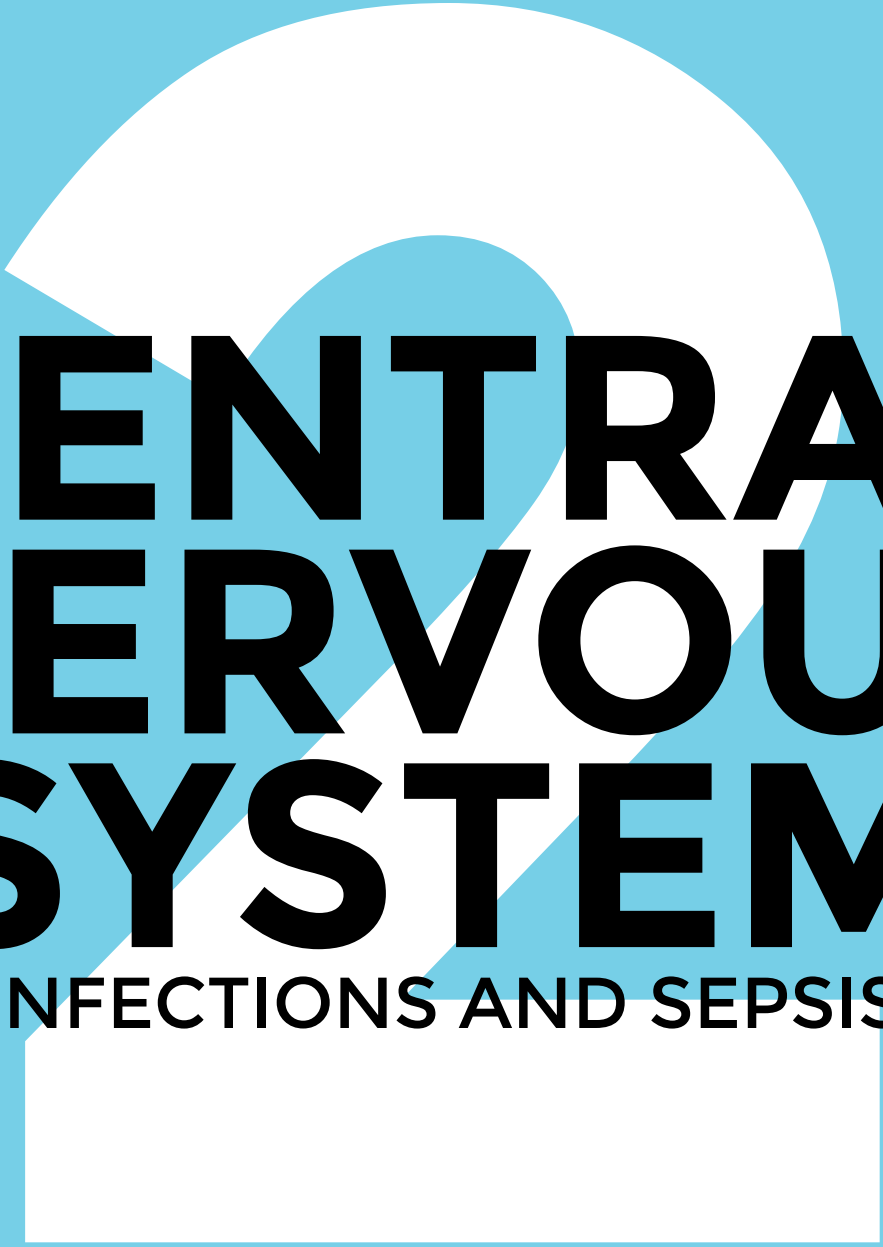
\*Data according to the U.S. Census Bureau

# REGIONAL OVERVIEW (Cont.)

Counts of Disease With Sufficient Burden:  
Philadelphia, 2016

	NE	NW	N	CC/S	W/SW	Missing	Total
	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
<b>Disease</b>							
<b>Campylobacteriosis</b>	39	13	46	56	47	2	203
<b>Chlamydia</b>	1914	735	9843	2414	5049	4	19959
<b>Giardiasis</b>	14	<6	16	17	<10	0	58
<b>Gonorrhea</b>	573	234	3462	1031	1654	3	6957
<b>Hepatitis C, Chronic (RNA +)</b>	535	125	1281	406	434	94	2875
<b>Influenza (Hospitalized)</b>	166	45	390	244	325	0	1170
<b>Lyme Disease</b>	73	56	36	46	25	0	236
<b>Meningitis, Aseptic</b>	9	<6	27	<6	6	0	48
<b>Pertussis</b>	23	<6	23	37	14	1	101
<b>Salmonellosis</b>	33	7	68	39	40	1	188
<b>Shigellosis</b>	<20	<6	155	35	100	0	311
<b>Strep Pneumoniae</b>	19	9	56	23	29	0	136
<b>Streptococcus, Invasive gp A</b>	14	<6	32	14	13	1	78
<b>Syphilis-Early Latent</b>	48	21	213	109	101	2	494
<b>Syphilis-Primary &amp; Secondary</b>	26	15	183	100	104	0	428
<b>Tuberculosis</b>	<20	<6	22	18	17	1	74
<b>Varicella (Chicken Pox)</b>	29	6	52	11	12	1	111



A stylized graphic of a brain, composed of a large white semi-circle at the top and a white rectangle at the bottom, set against a light blue background. The text is overlaid on this graphic.

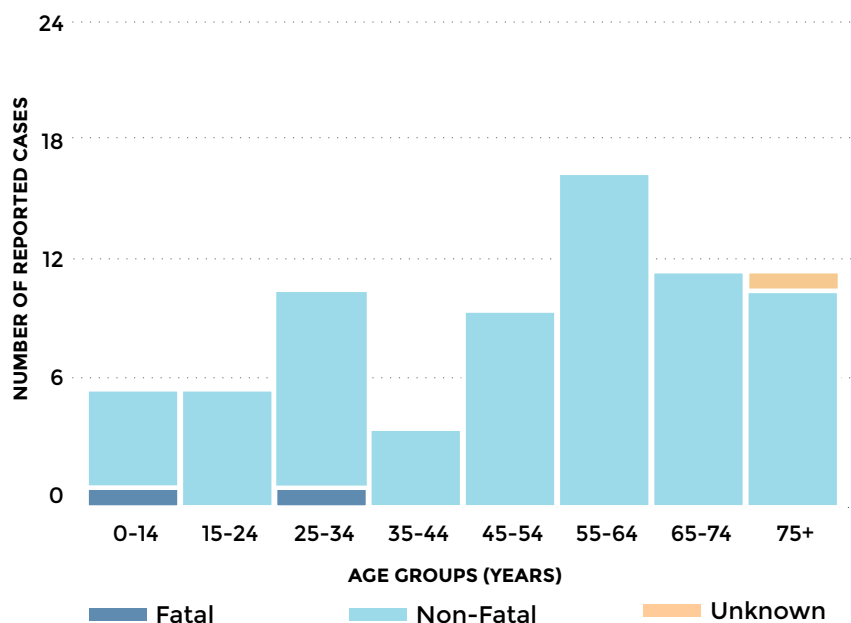
# CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

INFECTIONS AND SEPSIS

*GROUP A STREPTOCOCCUS*  
*HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE*  
LISTERIOSIS  
MENINGITIS, ASEPTIC  
*STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE*

# GROUP A *STREPTOCOCCUS*

**Invasive Group A *Streptococcus* by Age Group and Outcome: Philadelphia, 2016**



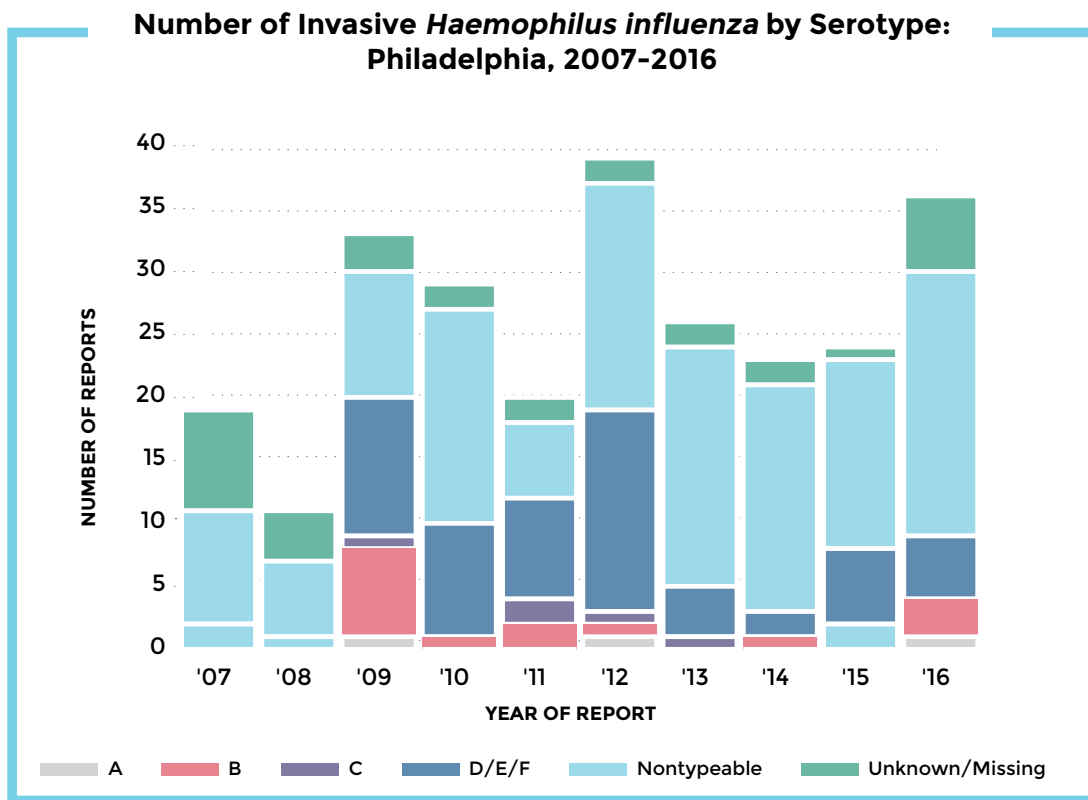
## OF NOTE

A total of 4 invasive Group A *Streptococcal* (GAS) cases were associated with three different long term care facilities (LTCFs) in 2016. All 4 individuals had bacteremia, including 3 with septic infections; none were fatal. PDPH worked with these LTCFs to enhance infection control precautions and to mitigate further transmission using contact screening.

**Number of Group A *Streptococcus* Reports by Age: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-45 Years		45+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	17	21.8	24	30.8	41	52.6
<b>Female</b>	11	14.1	26	33.3	37	47.4
<b>Total</b>	28	35.9	50	64.1	78	100

# HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE

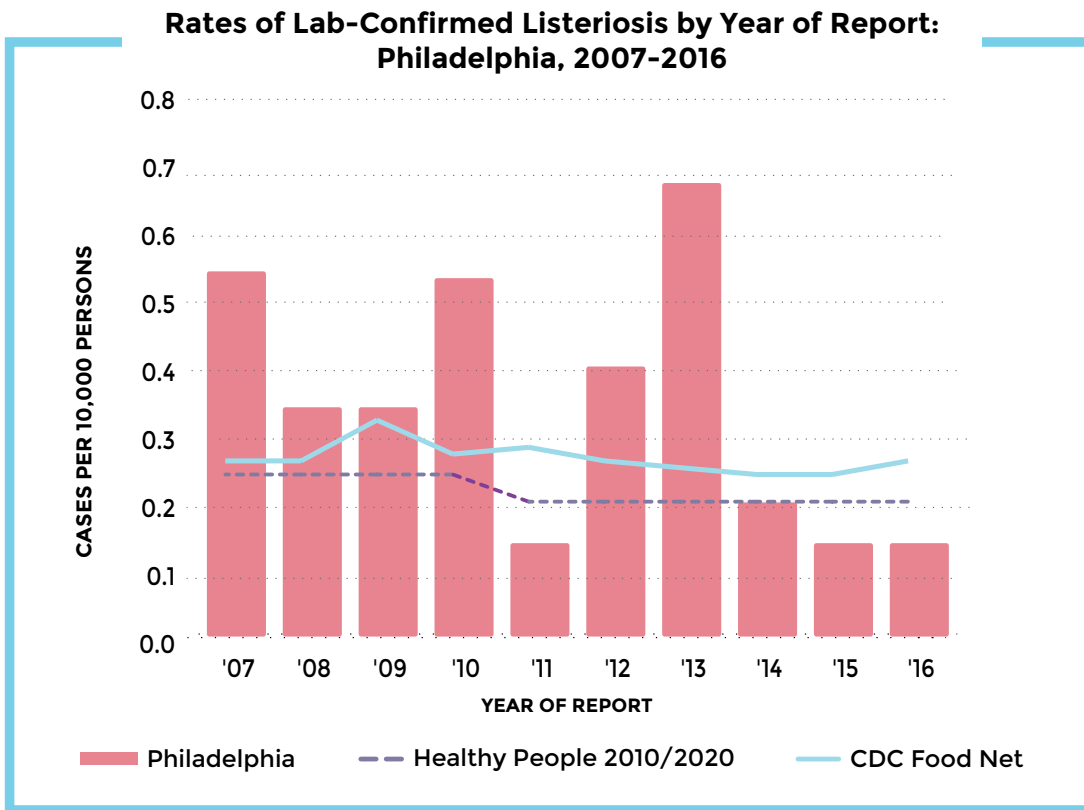


**Number of Invasive *Haemophilus influenzae* by Age: Philadelphia, 2016**

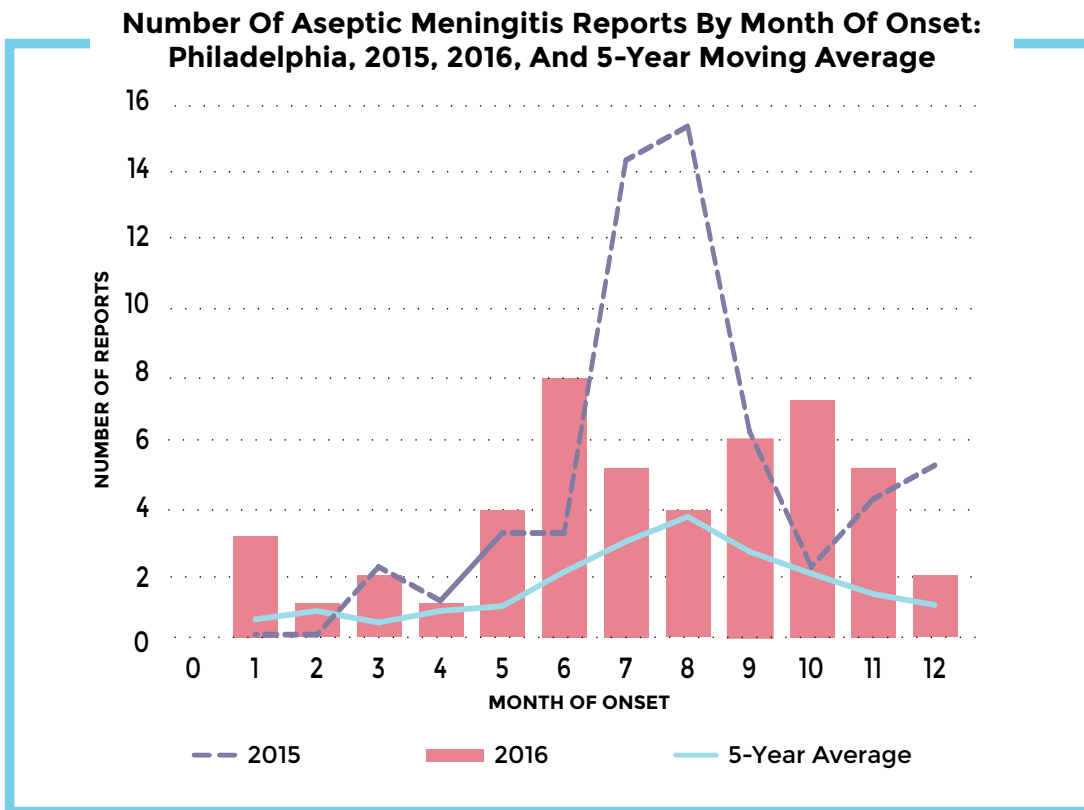
	0-49 Years		50-69 Years		70+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Total	10	27.8	13	36.1	13	36.1	36	100

# LISTERIOSIS

(*Listeria monocytogenes*)



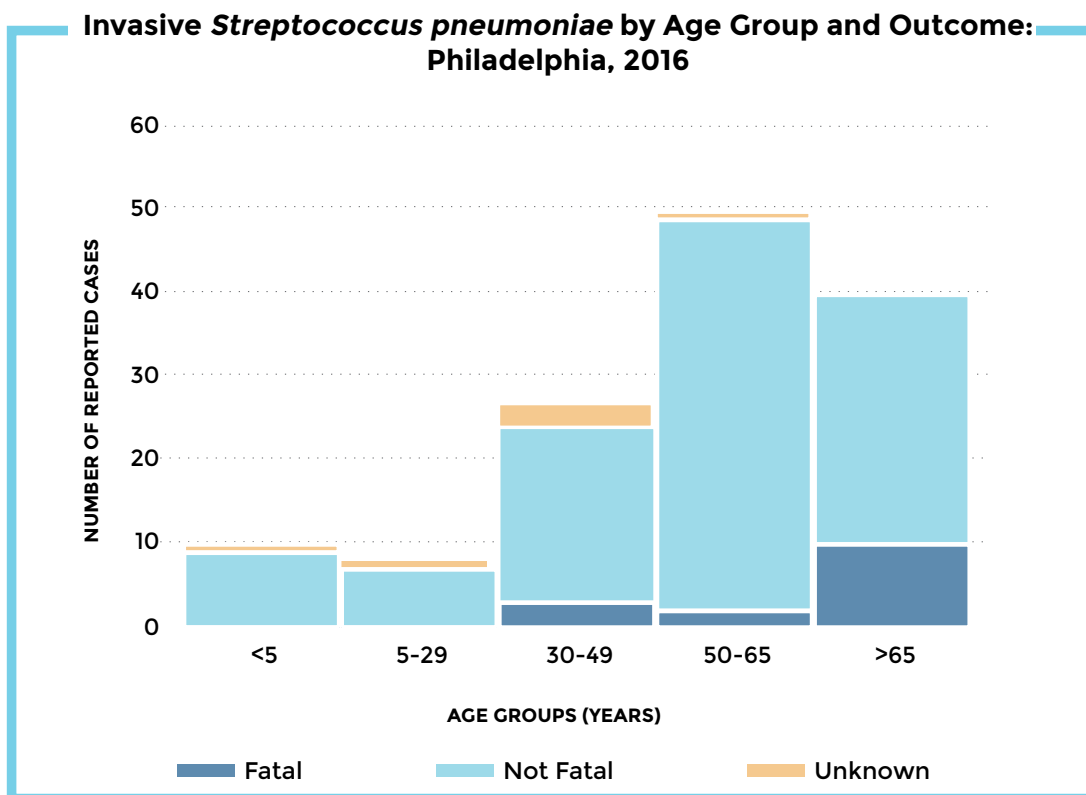
# MENINGITIS, ASEPTIC



**Number of Aseptic Meningitis Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-4 Years		5-30 Years		31+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	8	16.7	6	12.5	12	16.7	22	45.8
<b>Female</b>	8	16.7	6	12.5	8	25.0	26	54.2
<b>Total</b>	16	33.3	12	25.0	20	41.7	48	100

# STREPTOCOCCUS *PNEUMONIAE*



**Number of Invasive *Streptococcus pneumoniae* by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-20 Years		21-50 Years		51-64 Years		65+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male	<6	--	<20	--	25	18.5	20	14.8	66	48.9
Female	9	6.7	18	13.3	19	14.1	23	17.0	69	51.1
Total	<15	--	<38	--	44	32.6	43	31.9	135	100

\*unknown=1

---

# Intentionally Left Blank



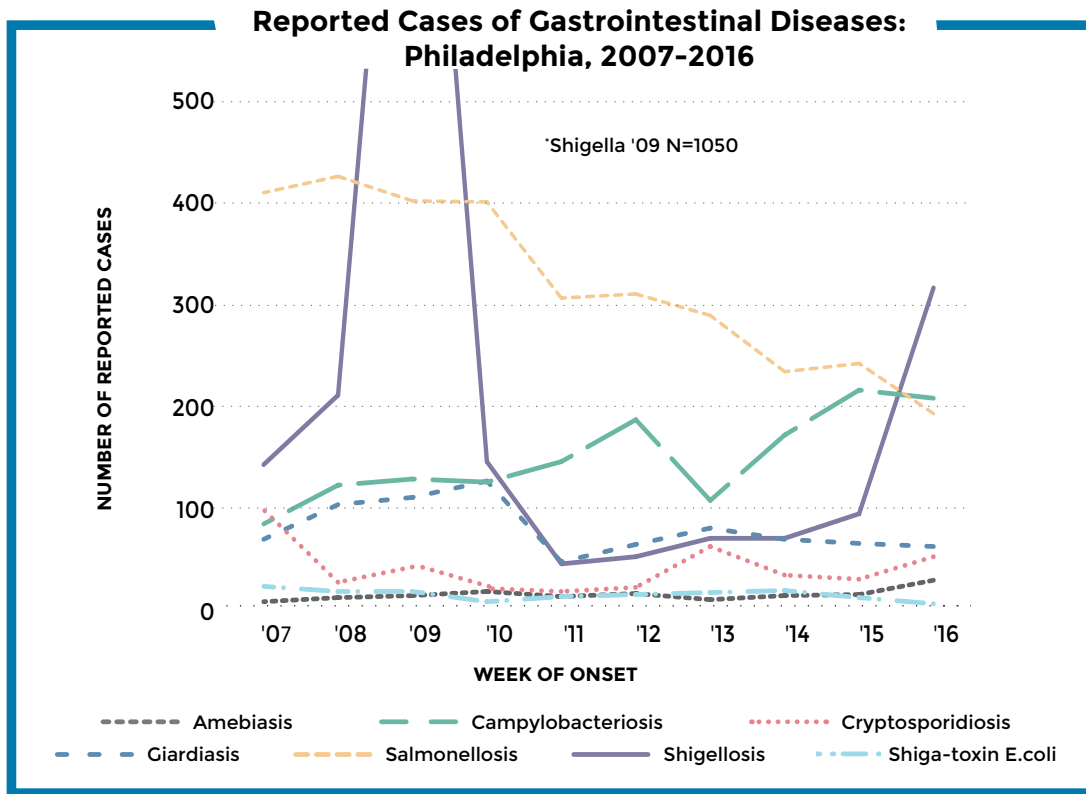
# **GASTRO- INTESTINAL**

## **INFECTIONS**

OVERVIEW  
CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS  
CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS  
GIARDIASIS  
SALMONELLOSIS  
SHIGELLOSIS



# OVERVIEW



## OF NOTE

### Food Poisoning

In 2016, individuals with shigellosis were disproportionately 1-4 years old and 30% were a part of a cluster involving 2 or more symptomatic individuals. PDPH released public health announcements and health alerts to notify healthcare providers and the public of the outbreak to assist the tailoring of prevention strategies.

### Norovirus Outbreaks

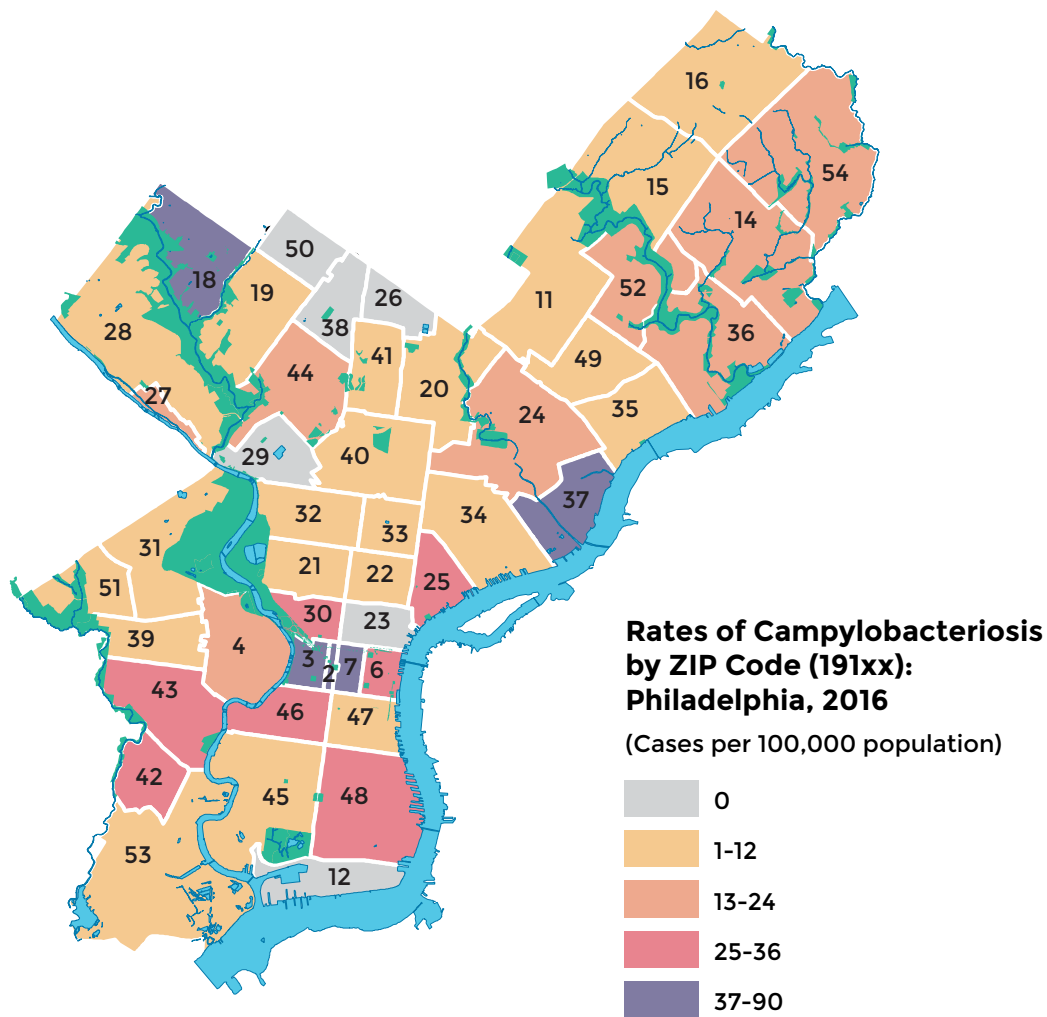
For the 2016-2017 norovirus season, 11 outbreaks occurring in long term care facilities were identified and followed by PDPH.

**OVERVIEW** (Cont.)**Antibiotic Resistance of Selected Enteric Pathogens:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

Pathogen	Antibiotics Tested	Total Tested	Resistant		Intermediate	
			n	%	n	%
Campylobacter	Ciprofloxacin	35	12	34	0	0
	Erythromycin	34	4	12	0	0
Salmonella	Ampicillin	149	16	10	0	0
	Ceftriaxone	69	0	0	0	0
	Ciprofloxacin	120	2	2	0	0
	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	147	2	1	0	0
Shigella	Ampicillin	255	234	92	1	0.4
	Ceftriaxone	161	1	0.6	0	0
	Ciprofloxacin	219	1	0.5	1	0.5
	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	250	96	38	0	0

# CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS

(*Campylobacter spp.*)



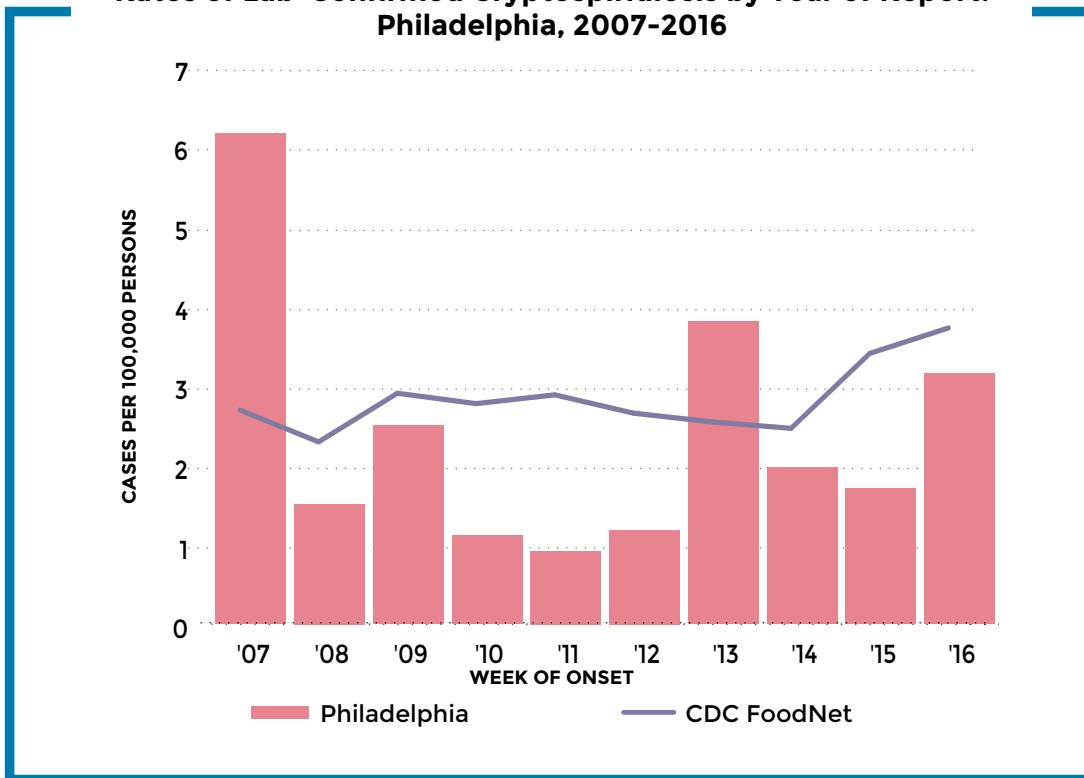
**Number of Campylobacteriosis Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-17 Years		18-34 Years		35-60 Years		>60 Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	11	5.4	35	17.2	35	17.2	19	9.4	100	49.3
<b>Female</b>	14	6.9	32	15.8	28	13.8	29	14.3	103	50.7
<b>Total</b>	25	12.3	67	33.0	63	31.0	48	23.6	203	100

# CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS

(*Cryptosporidium spp.*)

**Rates of Lab-Confirmed Cryptosporidiosis by Year of Report:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016**



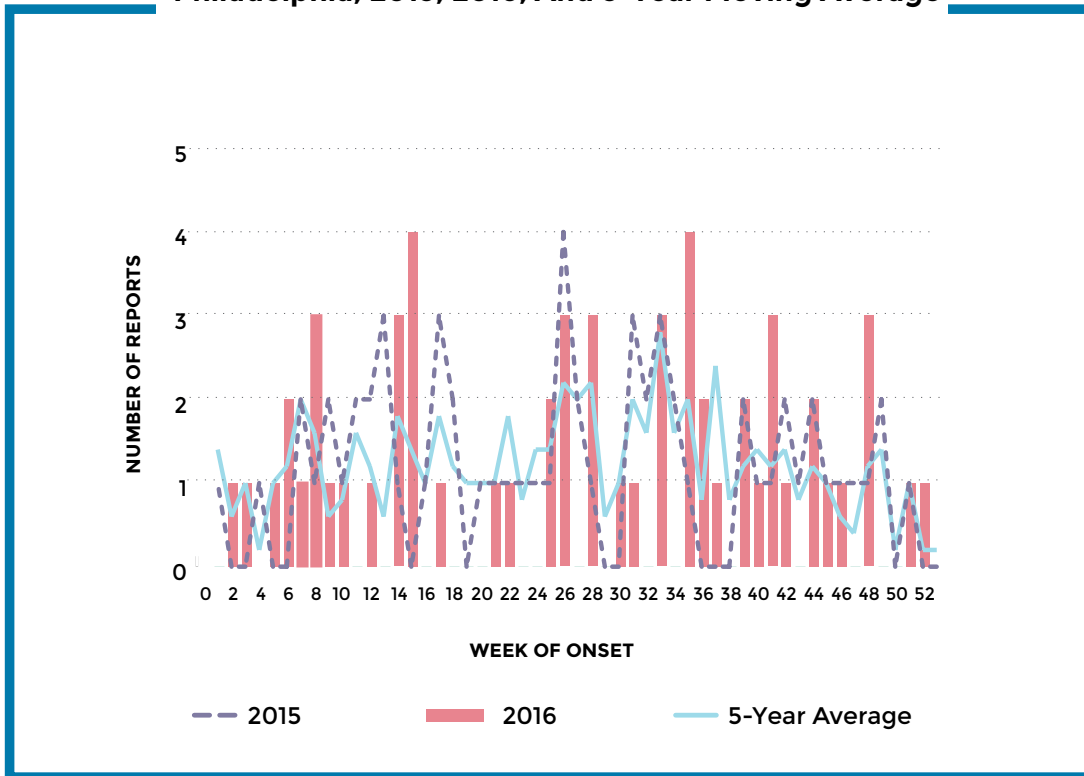
**Number of Cryptosporidiosis Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-17 Years		18-34 Years		35+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male	11	22.9	8	16.7	10	20.8	29	60.4
Female	6	24.7	7	14.6	6	12.5	19	39.6
Total	17	35.4	15	31.3	16	33.3	48	100

# GIARDIASIS

(*Giardia lamblia*)

**Number of Giardiasis Reports by Week of Onset:  
Philadelphia, 2015, 2016, And 5-Year Moving Average**

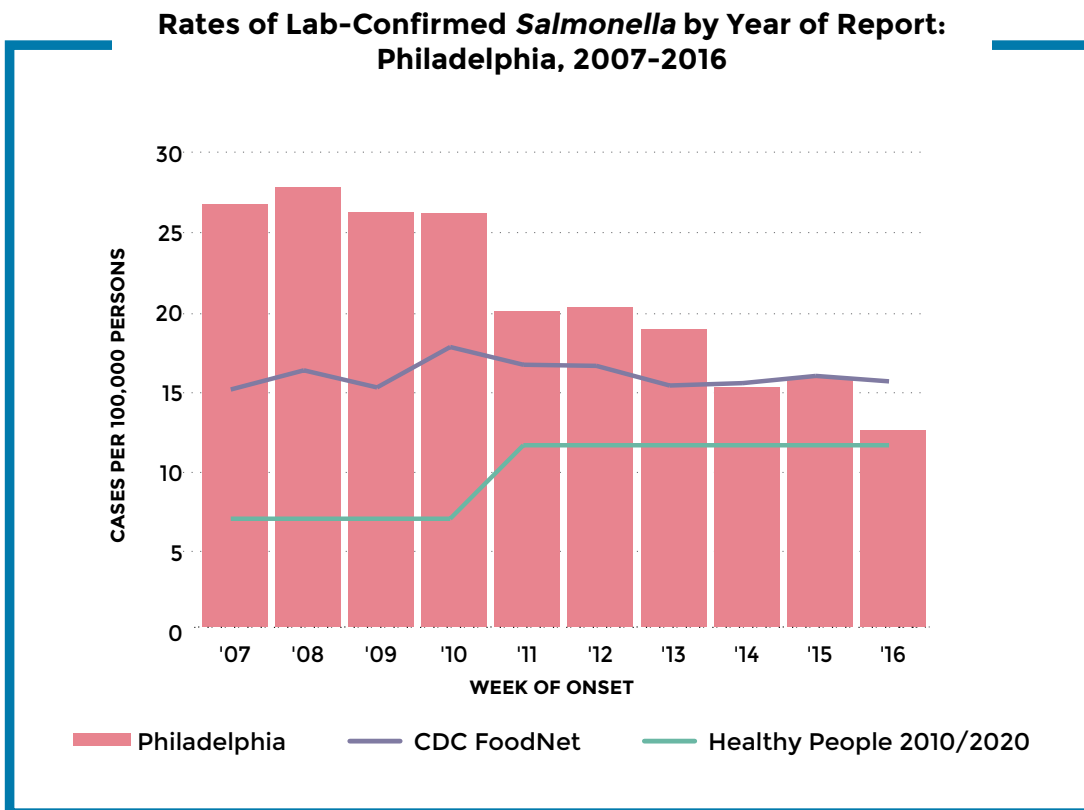


**Number of Giardiasis Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-29 Years		30+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male	19	32.8	22	37.9	41	70.7
Female	8	13.8	9	15.5	17	29.3
Total	27	46.6	31	53.4	58	100

# SALMONELLOSIS

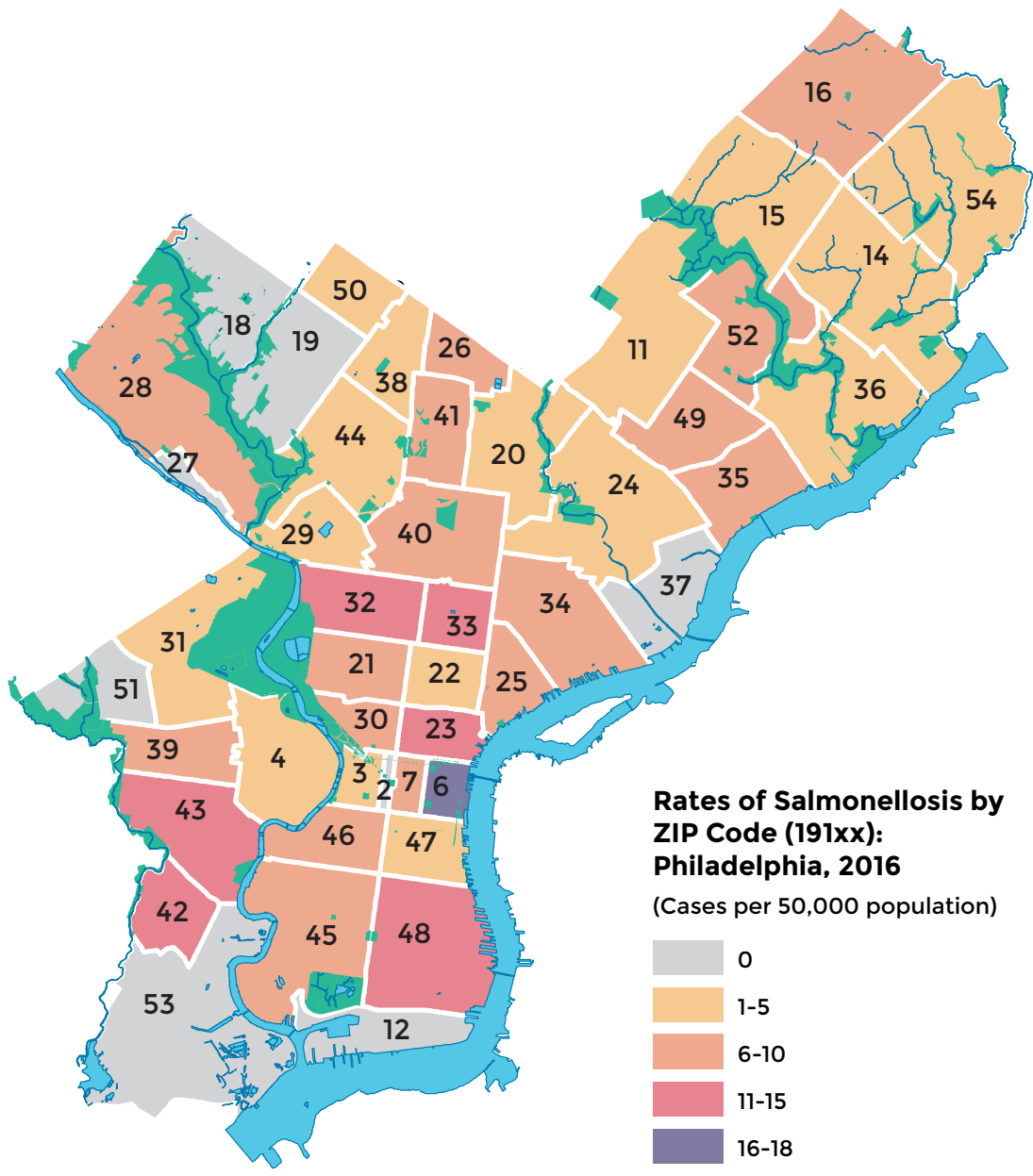
(*Salmonella* spp.)



**Number of Salmonellosis Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-4 Years		5-17 Years		18-34 Years		35-60 Years		61+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	30	16.0	15	8.0	14	7.4	24	12.8	14	7.4	97	51.6
<b>Female</b>	17	9.0	15	8.0	21	11.2	27	14.4	11	5.9	91	48.4
<b>Total</b>	47	25.0	30	16	35	18.6	51	27.1	25	13.3	188	100

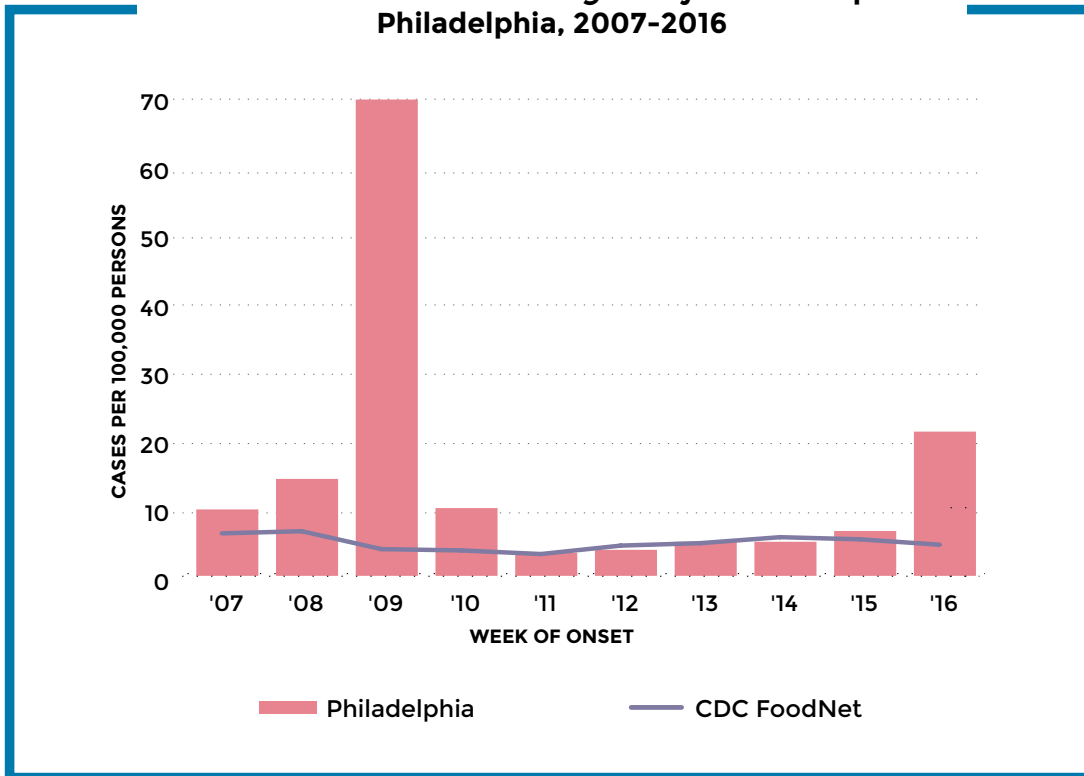
# SALMONELLOSIS (Cont.)



# SHIGELLOSIS

(*Shigella spp.*)

Rates of Lab-Confirmed *Shigella* by Year of Report:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016



Number of Shigellosis Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016

	0-4 Years		5-17 Years		18-34 Years		35+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	61	19.6	49	15.8	22	7.1	37	11.4	169	54.3
<b>Female</b>	46	14.8	51	16.4	24	7.7	21	6.5	142	45.7
<b>Total</b>	107	34.4	100	32.2	46	14.8	58	17.9	311	100





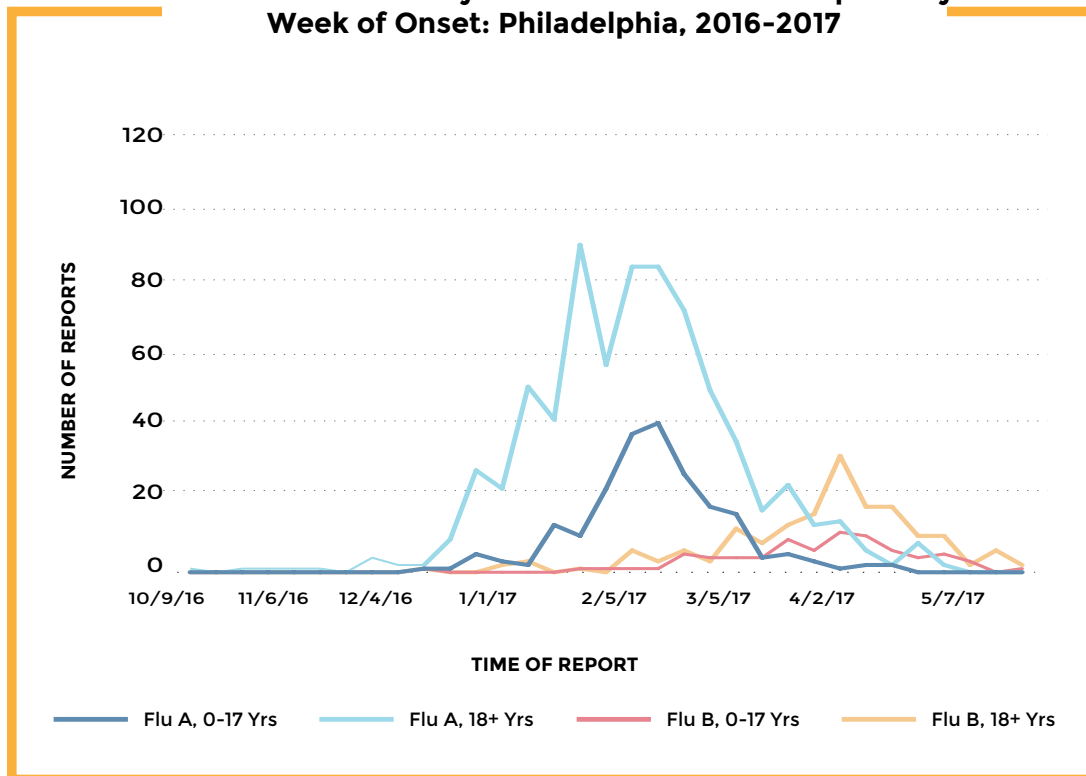
# RESPIRATORY

INFECTIONS

INFLUENZA  
LEGIONELLOSIS  
TUBERCULOSIS

# INFLUENZA

Number of Laboratory-Confirmed Influenza Reports by Week of Onset: Philadelphia, 2016-2017



Number of Hospitalized Influenza Reports by Age and Region: Philadelphia, 2016

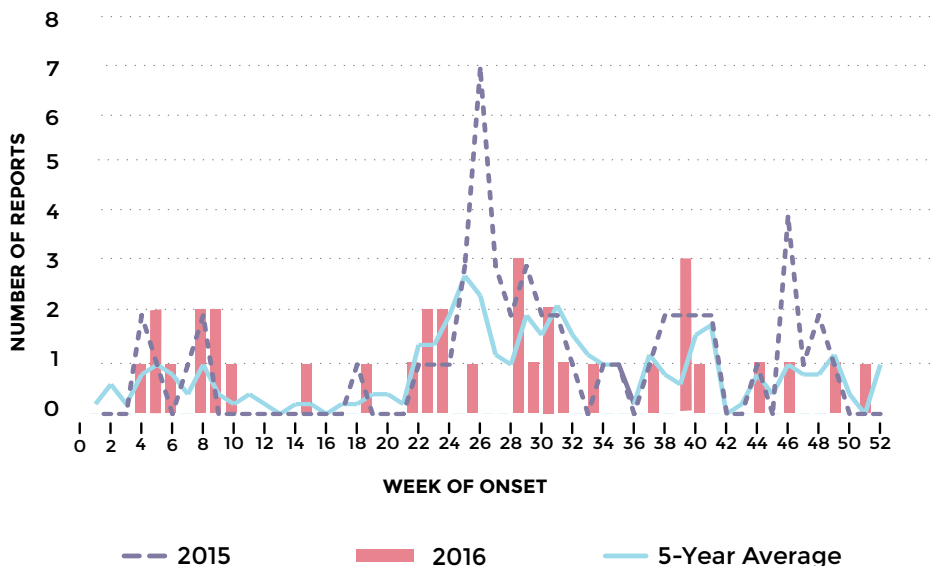
	NE		NW		N		CC		S		W/SW		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Age</b>														
0-4 Yrs	18	1.5	<6	--	73	6.2	<6	--	12	1.0	27	2.3	136	11.6
5-17 Yrs	27	2.3	<6	--	89	7.6	<6	--	7	0.6	32	2.7	157	13.4
18-44 Yrs	21	1.8	<6	--	71	6.1	<20	1.0	27	2.3	60	5.1	195	16.7
45-64 Yrs	23	2.0	9	0.8	59	5.0	15	1.3	41	3.5	88	7.5	235	20.1
65+ Yrs	77	6.6	28	2.4	98	8.4	36	3.1	90	7.7	118	10.1	447	38.2
<b>Total</b>	166	14.2	45	3.9	390	33.3	67	5.7	177	15.1	325	27.8	1170	100
<b>Rate**</b>	46.6		44.4		72.8		93.9		*		119.1		76.7	

\* South Philadelphia's rate is combined with Center City's rate  
 \*\*Rate per 100,000

# LEGIONELLOSIS

(*Legionella pneumophila*)

**Number of Legionellosis Reports by Week of Onset: Philadelphia, 2015, 2016, And 5-Year Moving Average**



**Number of Legionellosis Reports by Age: Philadelphia, 2016**

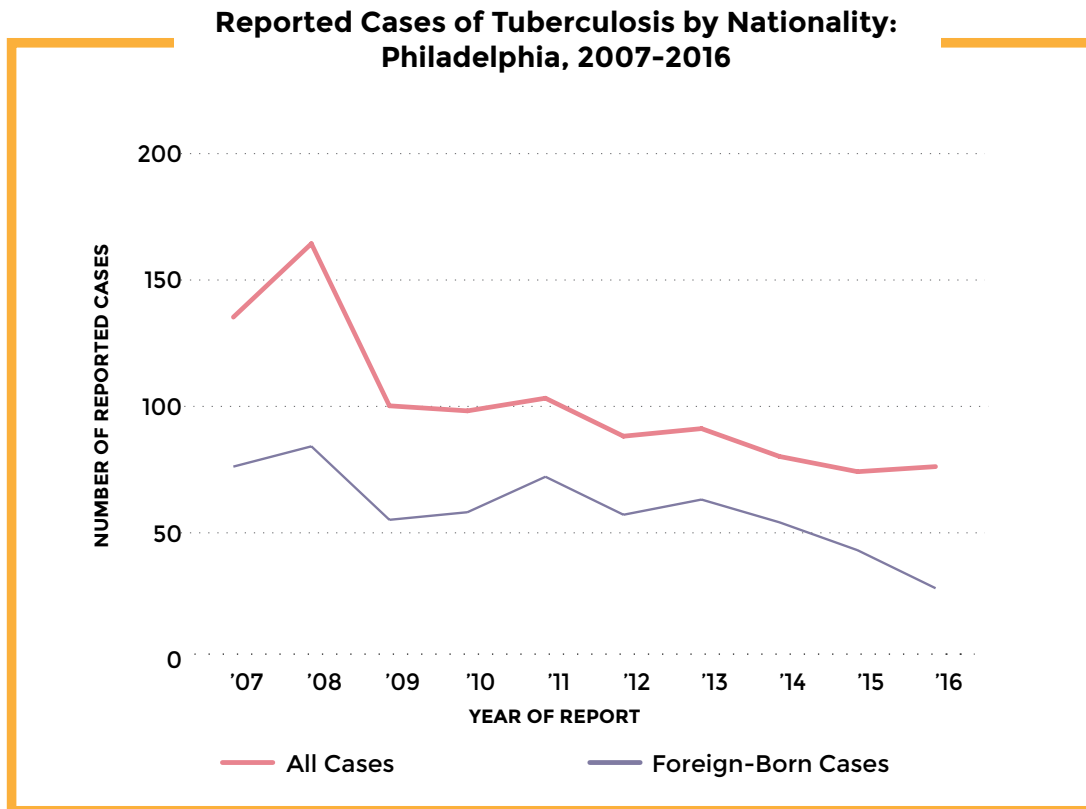
	0-50 Years		51-64 Years		65+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Total</b>	7	20.6	13	38.2	14	41.2	34	100

**Legionellosis Risk Factors: Philadelphia, 2016**

	N	(%)
<b>UNDERLYING ILLNESS</b>		
Diabetes	7	20.6
Chronic Lung Disease	7	20.6
Heart Disease	8	23.5
Other Immunocompromised	8	23.5
<b>OTHER RISK FACTORS</b>		
Current/Previous Smoker	21	61.8
Male Gender	18	52.9
Retired/Unemployed	21	61.8
Nosocomial Transmission	1	2.9

# TUBERCULOSIS

(*Mycobacterium tuberculosis*)



**Number of Tuberculosis Reports by Age:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

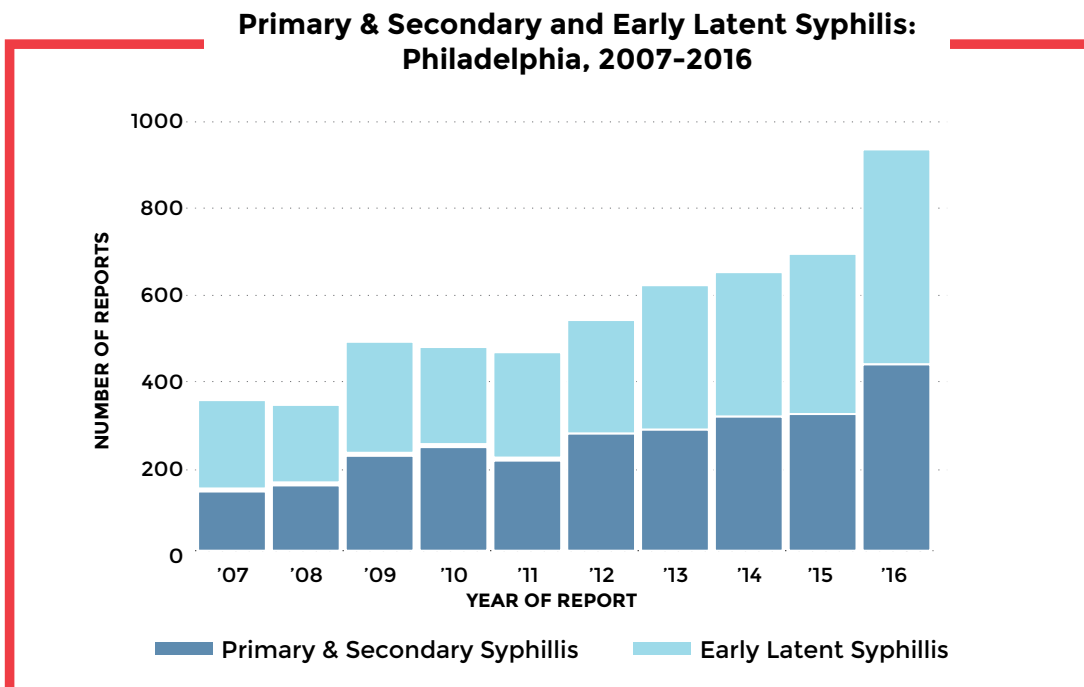
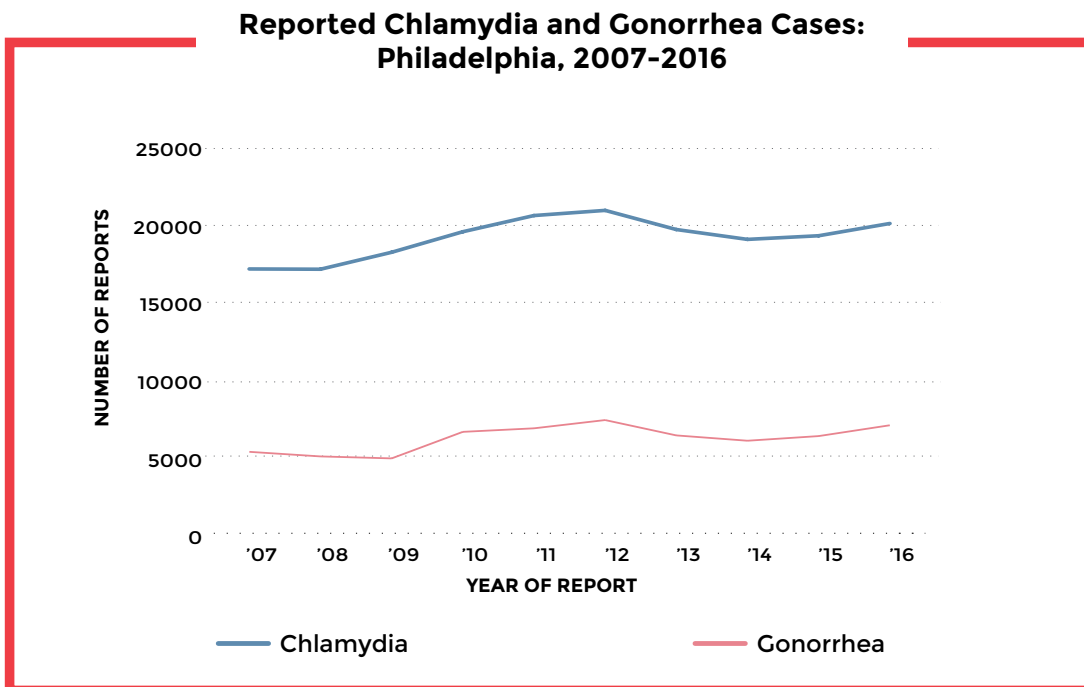
	0-18 Years		19-30 Years		31-44 Years		45-65 Years		66+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Total	6	8.1	11	14.9	16	21.6	21	28.4	20	27.0	74	100



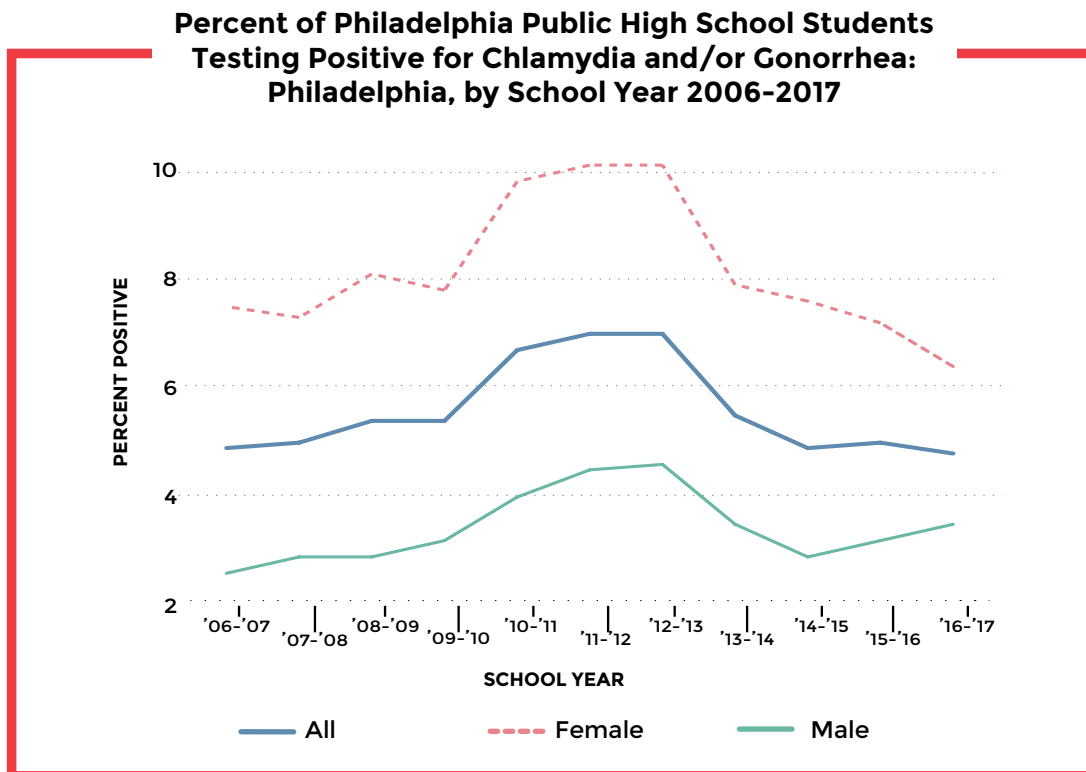
# SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES

OVERVIEW  
CHLAMYDIA  
GONORRHEA  
SYPHILIS-PRIMARY & SECONDARY  
SYPHILIS-LATENT

# OVERVIEW



# OVERVIEW (Cont.)

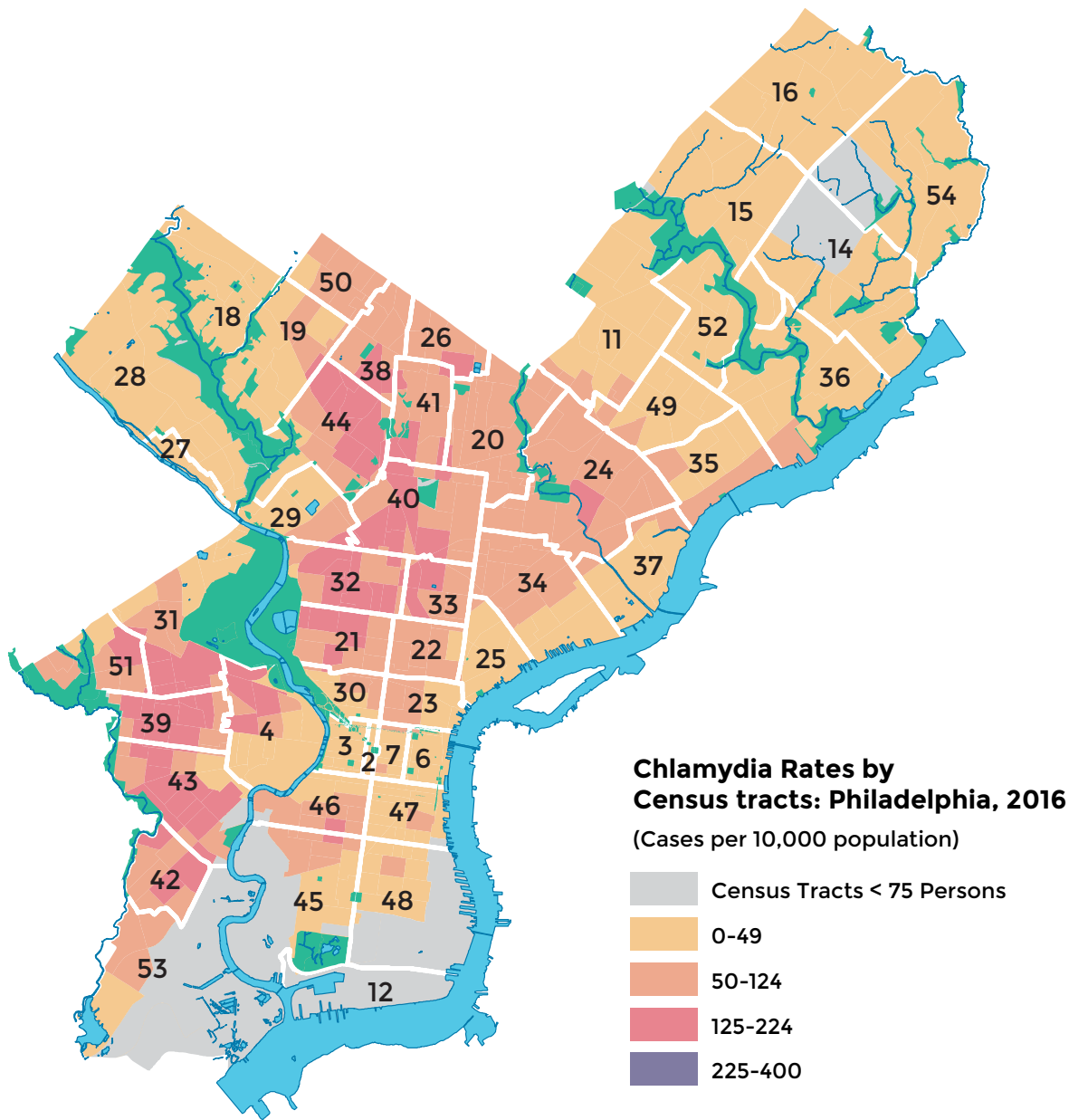


**Percent of Philadelphia Public High School Students Testing Positive for Chlamydia and/or Gonorrhea: Philadelphia, by School Year 2006-2017**

	06-07	07-08	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Male</b>	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.9	4.4	4.5	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.9	3.4
<b>Female</b>	7.2	8	7.7	9.7	10	10	7.8	7.5	7.1	6.6	6.3
<b>Total</b>	4.9	5.3	5.3	6.6	6.9	6.9	5.4	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.7

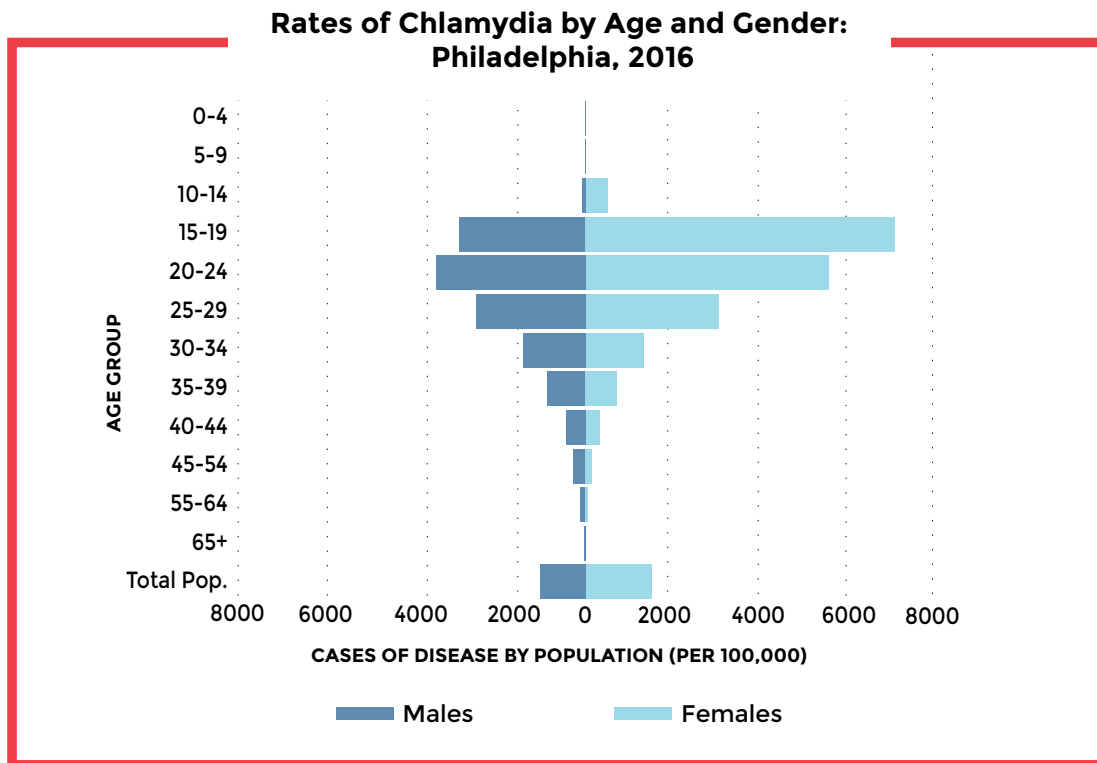
# CHLAMYDIA

(*Chlamydia trachomatis*)





# CHLAMYDIA (Cont.)



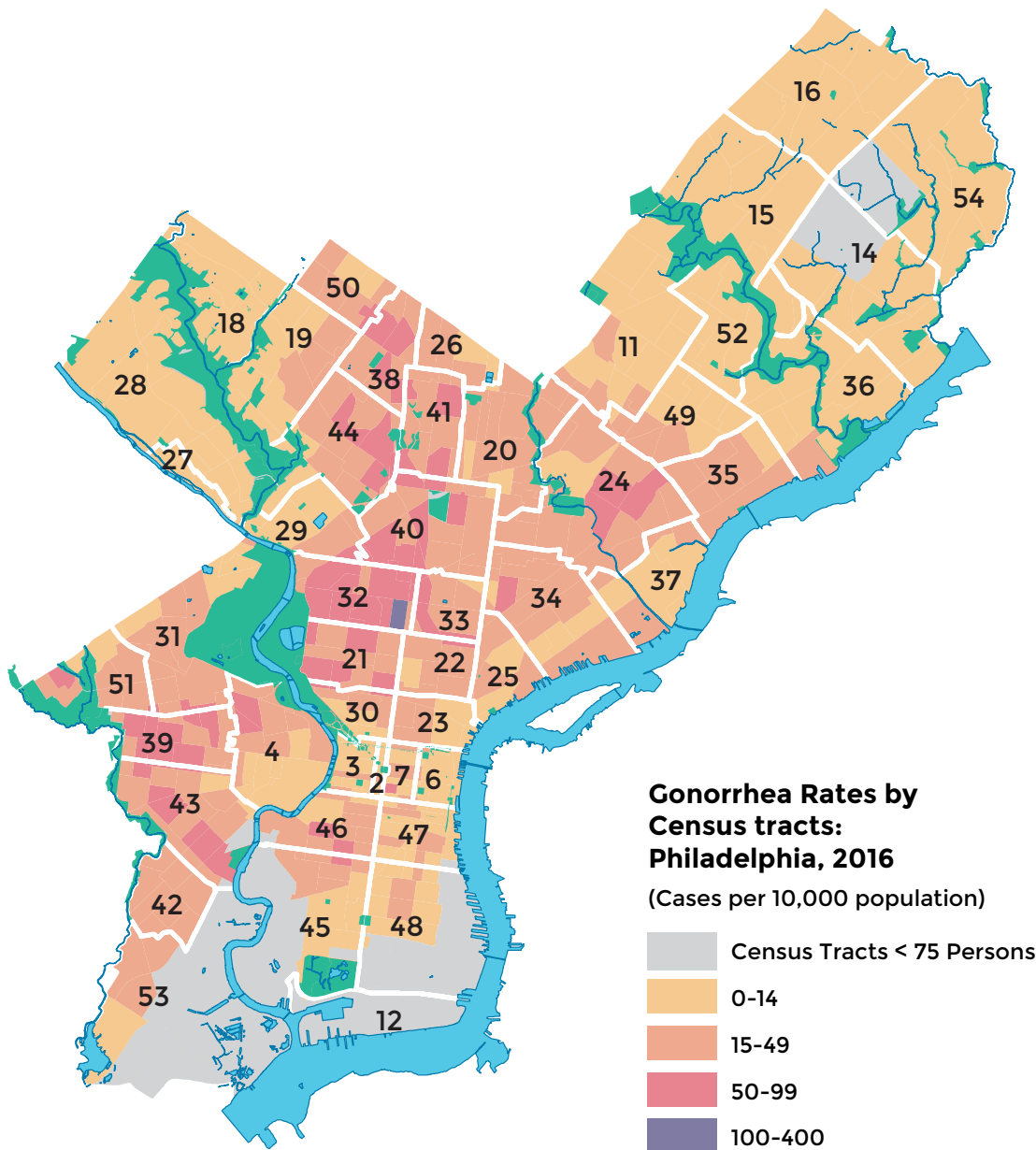
**Number of Chlamydia Reports by Age, Gender, and Region:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	NE		NW		N		CC		S		W/SW		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>														
0-14 Yrs	<6	--	<6	--	18	0	<6	--	<6	--	14	0	39	0
15-19 Yrs	122	1	61	0	876	4	32	0	110	1	492	2	1693	9
20-24 Yrs	242	1	86	0	1175	6	92	0	178	1	679	3	2452	12
25-34 Yrs	199	1	95	0	1022	5	199	1	266	1	610	3	2391	12
35+ Yrs	63	0	42	0	386	2	97	0	161	1	199	1	948	5
<b>Female</b>														
0-14 Yrs	<20	--	<6	--	130	1	<6	--	<20	--	75	0	243	1
15-19 Yrs	401	2	144	1	2269	11	96	0	283	1	1084	5	4277	21
20-24 Yrs	462	2	163	1	2166	11	119	1	284	1	1045	5	4239	21
25-34 Yrs	323	2	116	1	1432	7	127	1	264	1	697	3	2959	15
35+ Yrs	79	0	24	0	369	2	25	0	63	0	154	1	714	4
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1914</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9843</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1623</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5049</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>19955</b>	<b>100</b>

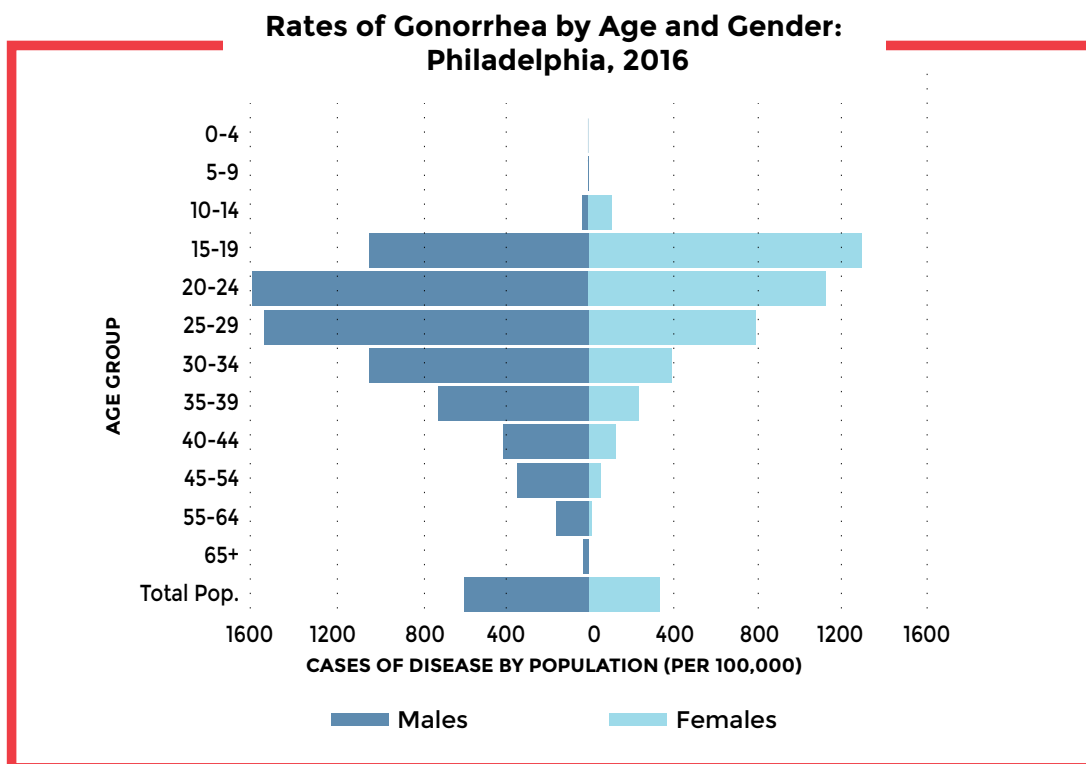
\*unknown=4

# GONORRHEA

(*Neisseria gonorrhoeae*)



# GONORRHEA (Cont.)



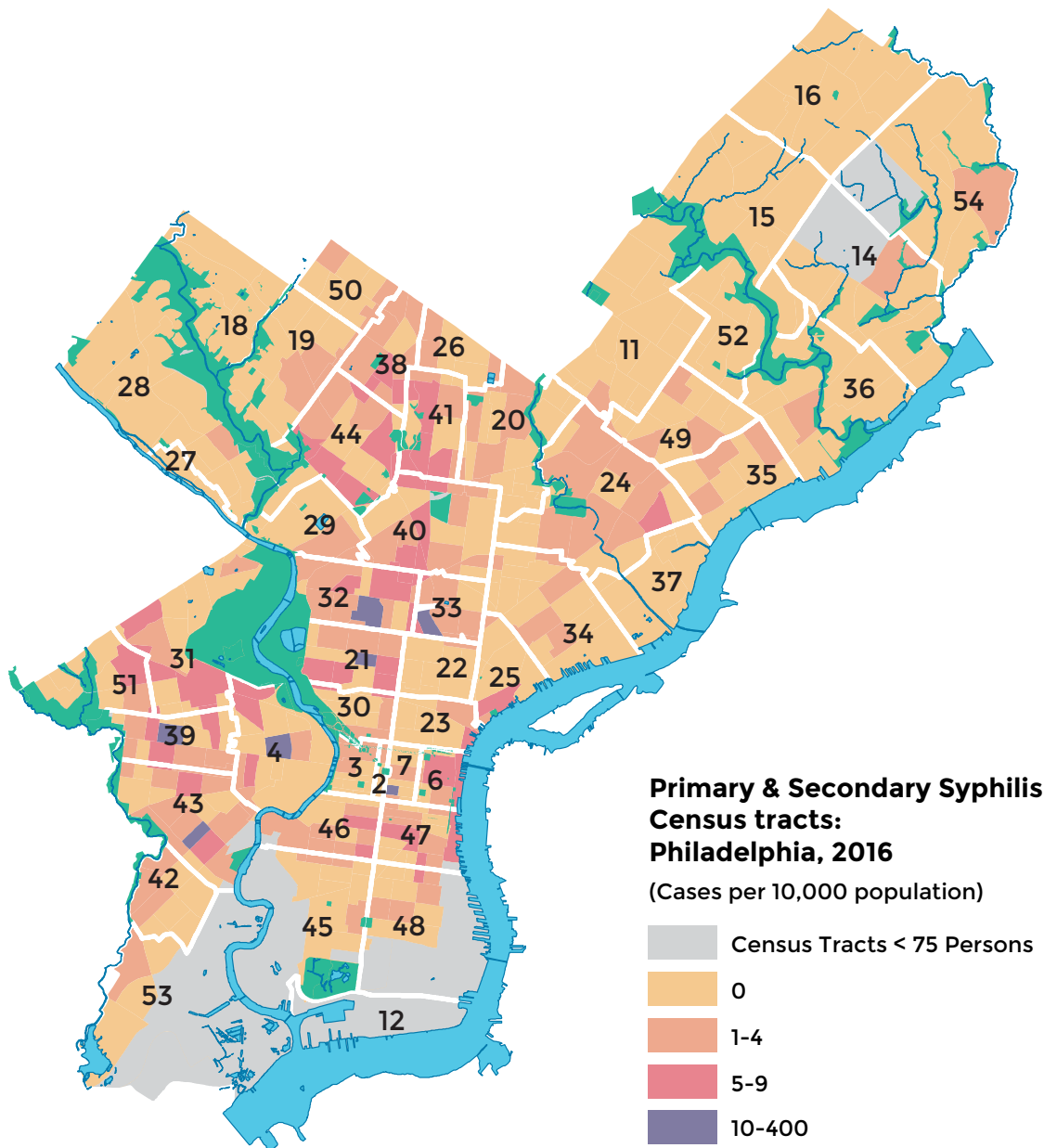
**Number of Gonorrhea Reports by Age, Gender, and Region:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	NE		NW		N		CC		S		W/SW		Total'	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>														
0-14 Yrs	<6	--	<6	--	9	0	<6	--	<6	--	<6	--	15	0
15-19 Yrs	45	1	14	0	348	5	17	0	25	0	156	2	605	9
20-24 Yrs	97	1	47	1	560	8	43	1	102	1	281	4	1130	16
25-34 Yrs	117	2	55	1	655	9	141	2	227	3	346	5	1541	22
35+ Yrs	85	1	39	1	401	6	87	1	155	2	183	3	950	14
<b>Female</b>														
0-14 Yrs	<6	--	<6	--	34	0	<6	--	<6	--	<10	--	50	1
15-19 Yrs	58	1	24	0	443	6	8	0	39	0	200	3	772	11
20-24 Yrs	57	1	22	0	453	7	14	0	62	1	239	3	847	12
25-34 Yrs	76	1	23	0	434	6	19	0	60	1	177	3	789	11
35+ Yrs	31	0	10	0	125	2	10	0	19	0	60	1	255	4
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3462</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>692</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1654</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>6954</b>	<b>100</b>

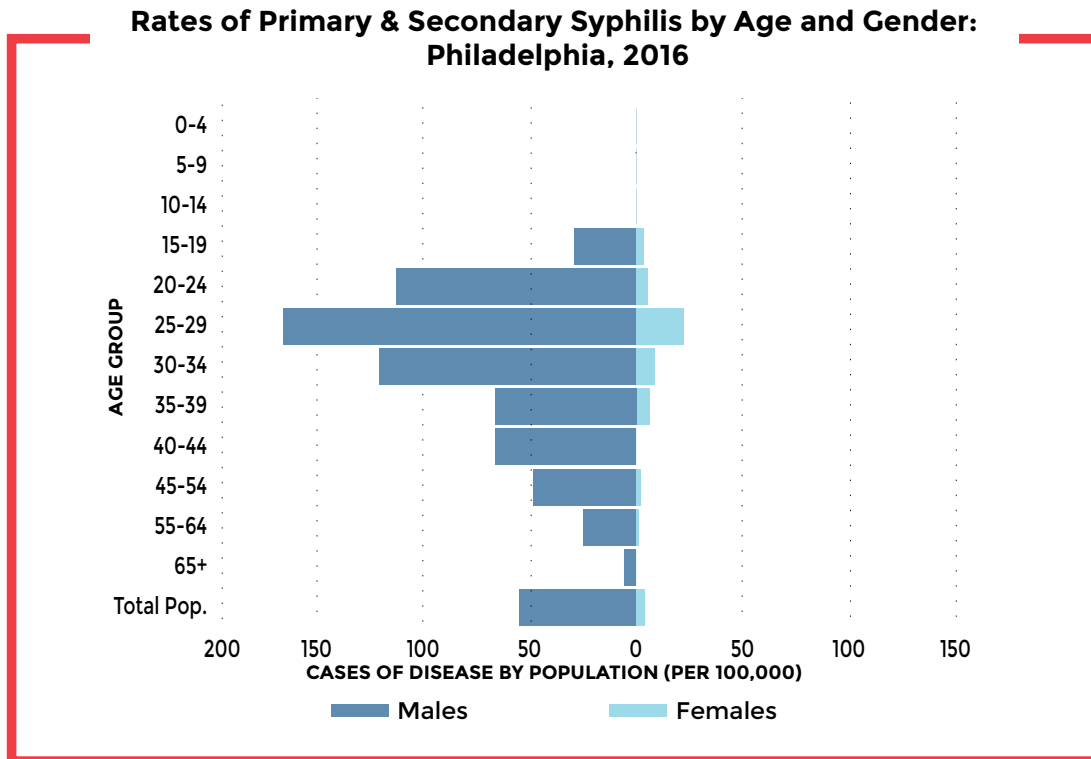
'unknown=3

# SYPHILIS-PRIMARY & SECONDARY

(*Treponema pallidum*)



# SYPHILIS-PRIMARY & SECONDARY (Cont.)

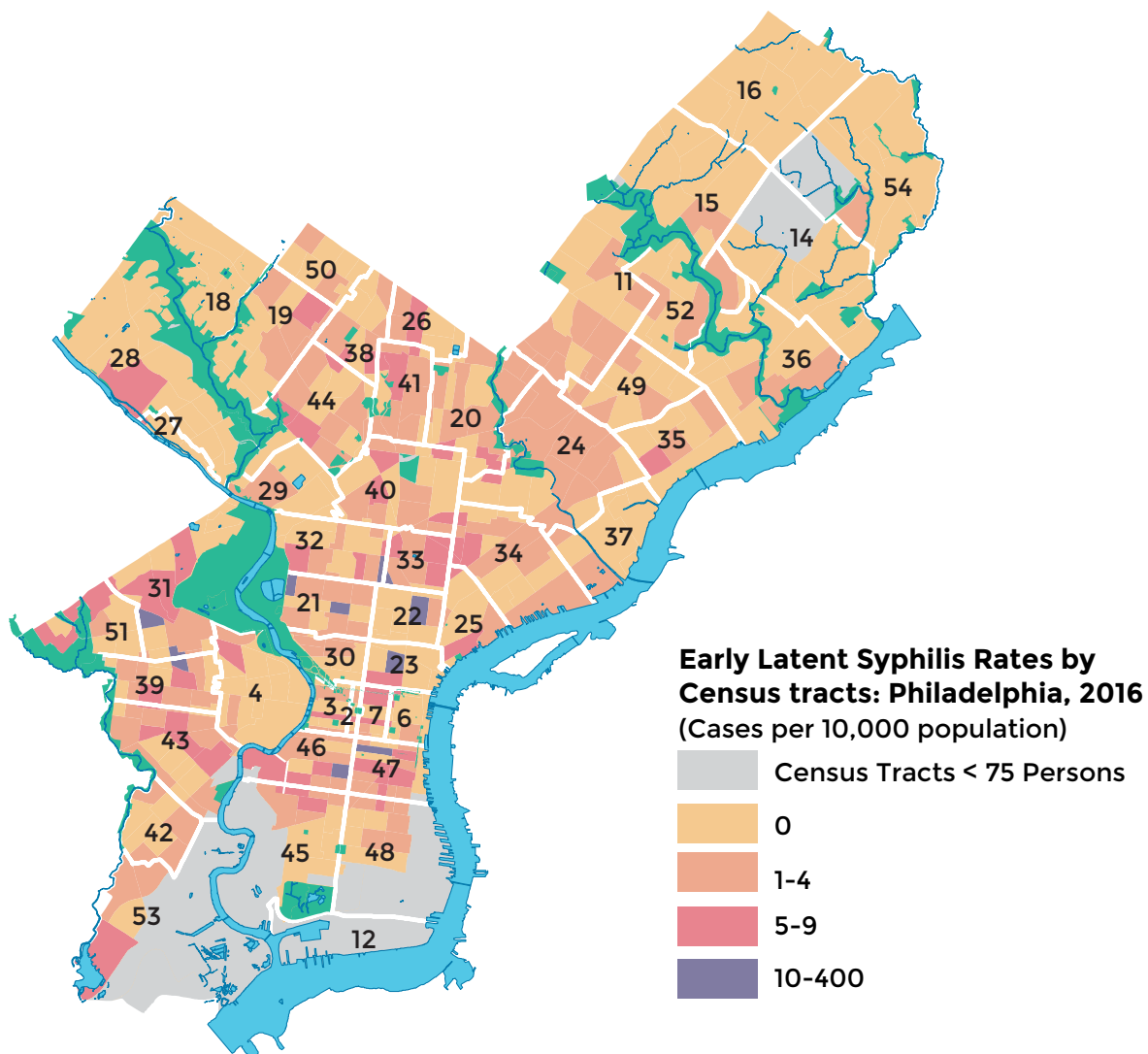


**Number of Primary & Secondary Syphilis Reports by Age and Region: Philadelphia, 2016**

	NE		NW		N		CC		S		W/SW		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Age</b>														
<b>0-24 Yrs</b>	7	2	<6	--	52	12	<10	--	12	3	25	6	103	24
<b>25-34 Yrs</b>	10	2	<6	--	92	21	<20	--	19	4	50	12	192	45
<b>35+ Yrs</b>	9	2	10	2	39	9	16	4	30	7	29	7	133	31
<b>Total</b>	26	6	15	4	183	43	39	9	61	14	10	24	428	100

# SYPHILIS-EARLY LATENT

(*Treponema pallidum*)

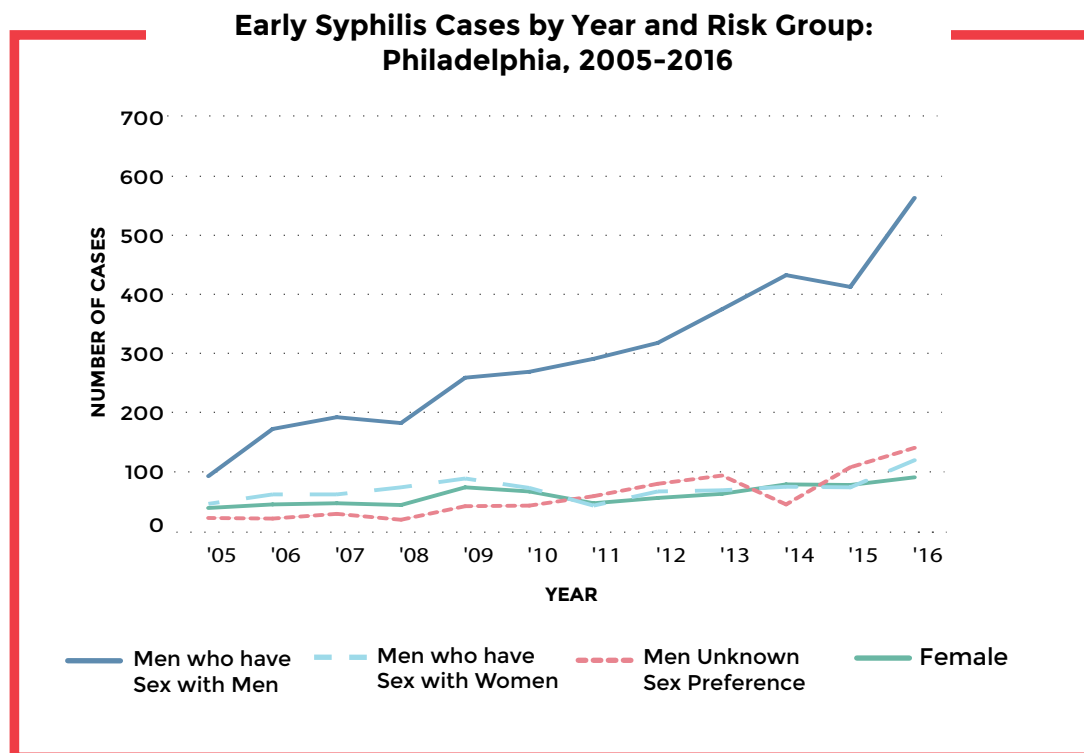
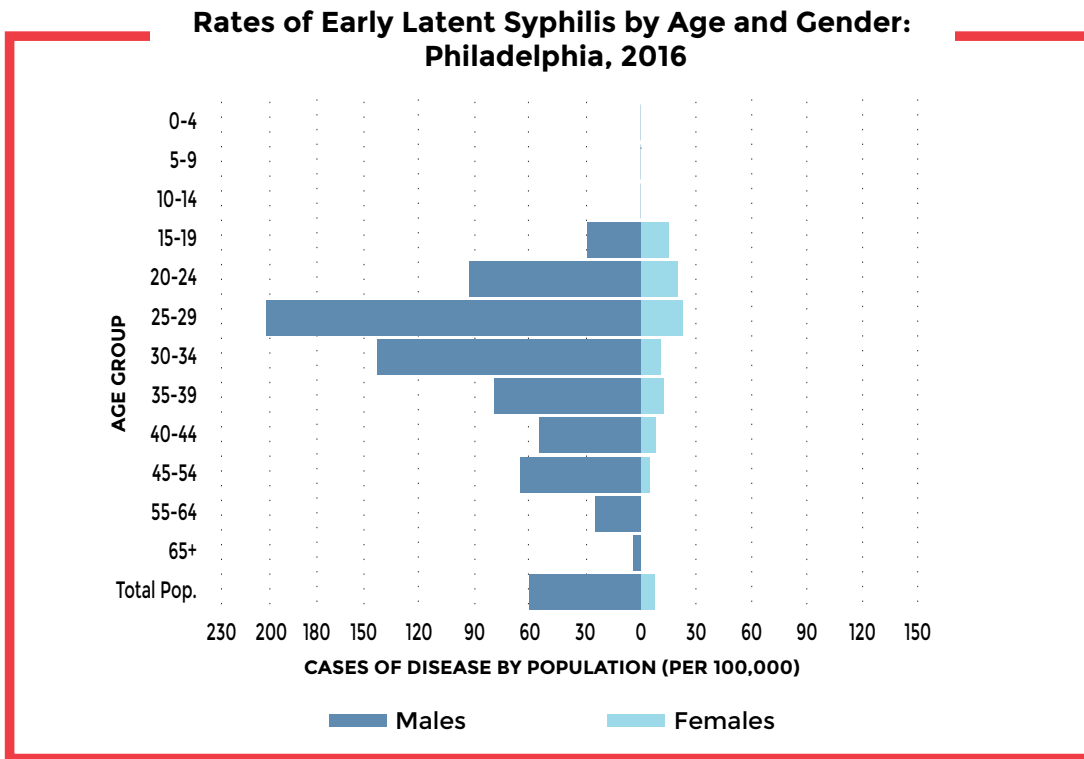


**Number of Early Latent Syphilis Reports by Age and Region:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	NE		NW		N		CC		S		W/SW		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Age</b>														
<b>0-24 Yrs</b>	13	3	<6	--	56	11	<6	--	9	2	20	4	107	22
<b>25-34 Yrs</b>	27	5	<10	--	90	18	<20	--	37	7	51	10	227	46
<b>35+ Yrs</b>	8	2	9	2	67	14	14	3	30	6	30	6	158	32
<b>Total</b>	48	10	21	4	213	43	33	7	76	15	101	20	492	100

\*unknown=2

# SYPHILIS-EARLY LATENT (Cont.)





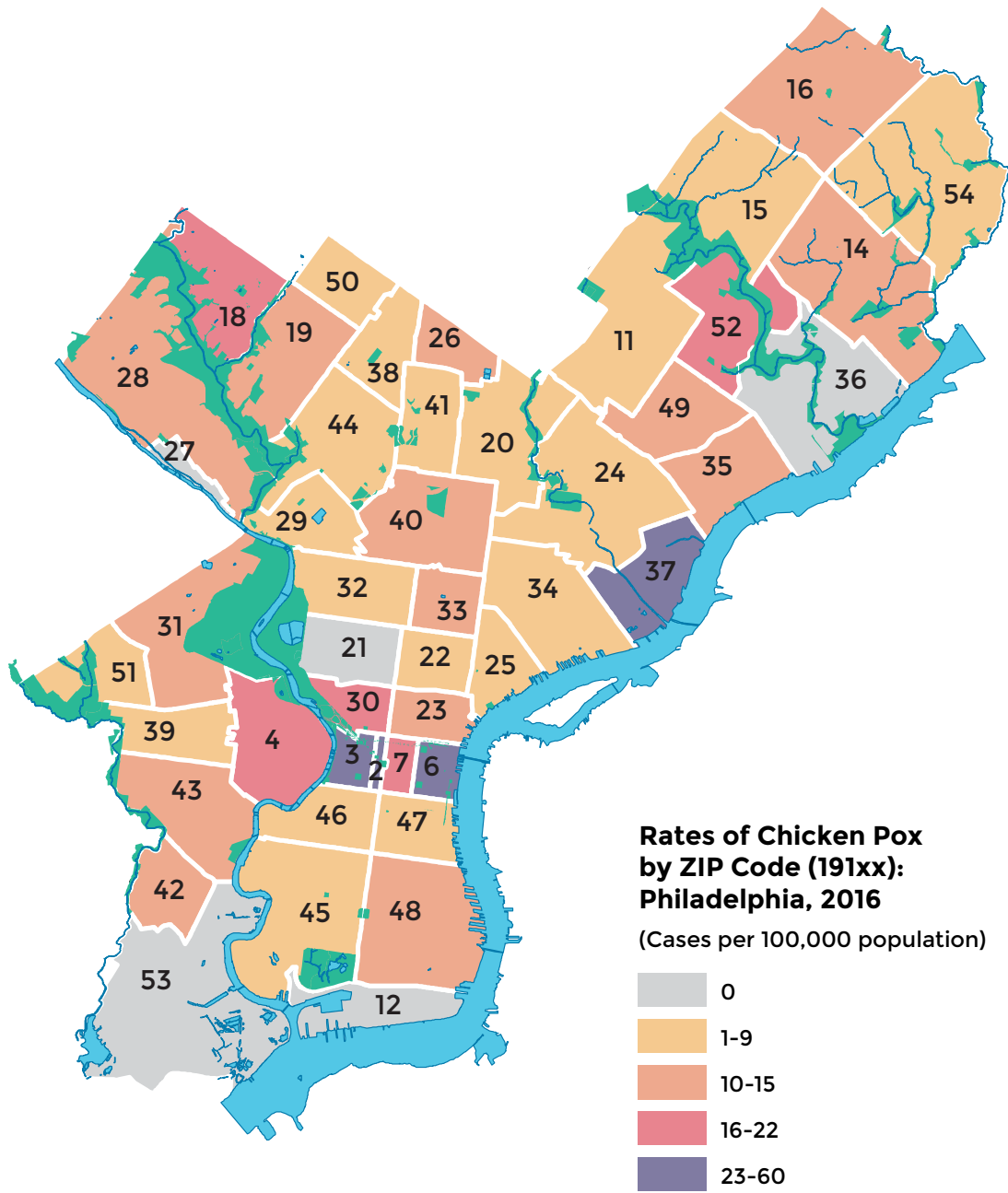
**VACCINE-  
PREVENTABLE**  
DISEASES

CHICKEN POX & SHINGLES  
MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE  
PERTUSSIS



# CHICKEN POX

(Varicella zoster virus)



# CHICKEN POX & SHINGLES (Cont.)

**Number of Chicken Pox Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-4 Years		5-17 Years		18-30 Years		30+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	20	18.2	17	15.5	<6	--	<10	--	49	44.5
<b>Female</b>	21	19.1	15	13.6	12	10.9	12	10.9	60	54.5
<b>Total</b>	41	37.3	32	29.1	<18	--	<22	--	110	100

\*unknown=1

## OF NOTE

In 2016, a varicella outbreak was identified in a pre-school. Five of the 6 individuals (ages 1-5 years) with confirmed varicella were unvaccinated due to religious or philosophical exemptions. An additional 26 unvaccinated asymptomatic students were excluded from school for 21 days in light of low varicella vaccination coverage and ongoing disease transmission. Three students were permitted to return to school after they received a dose of varicella vaccine.

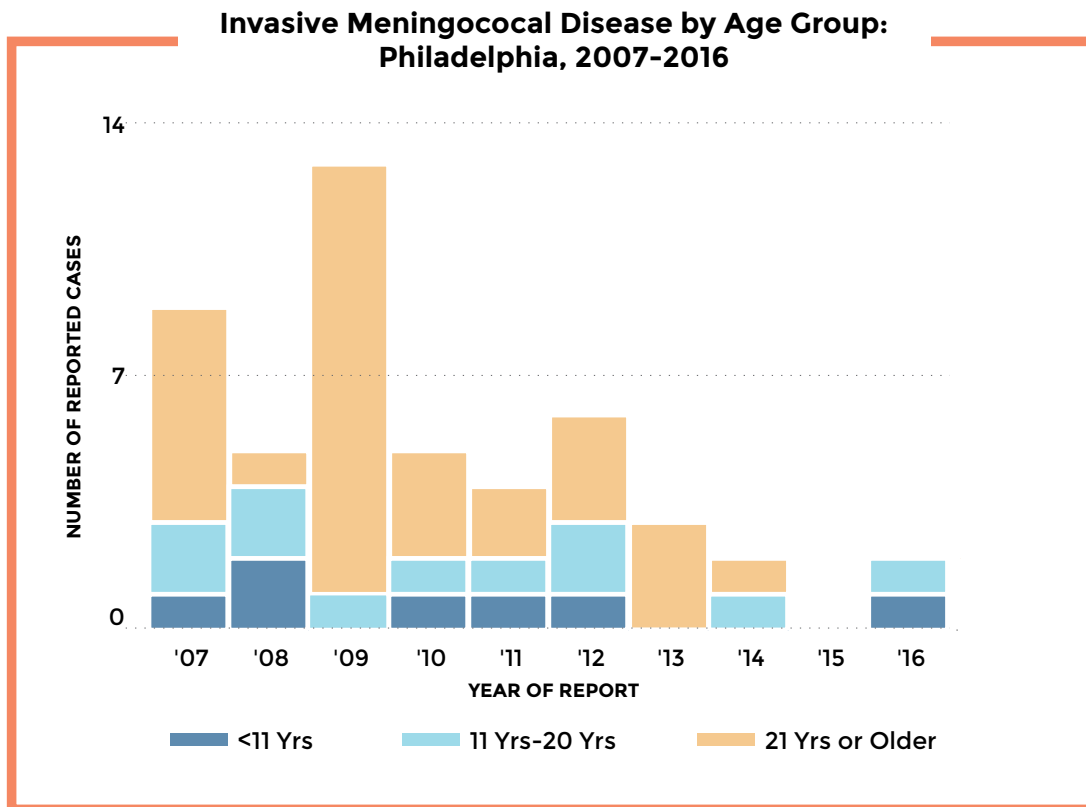
**Number of Shingles Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-14 Years		15-30 Years		31-45 Years		46-60 Years		61+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	9	5.8	14	9.1	12	7.8	15	9.7	21	13.6	71	46.1
<b>Female</b>	6	3.9	19	12.3	12	7.8	28	18.2	18	11.7	83	53.9
<b>Total</b>	15	9.7	33	21.4	24	15.6	43	27.9	39	25.3	154	100

\*unknown=1

# MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE

(*Neisseria meningitidis*)

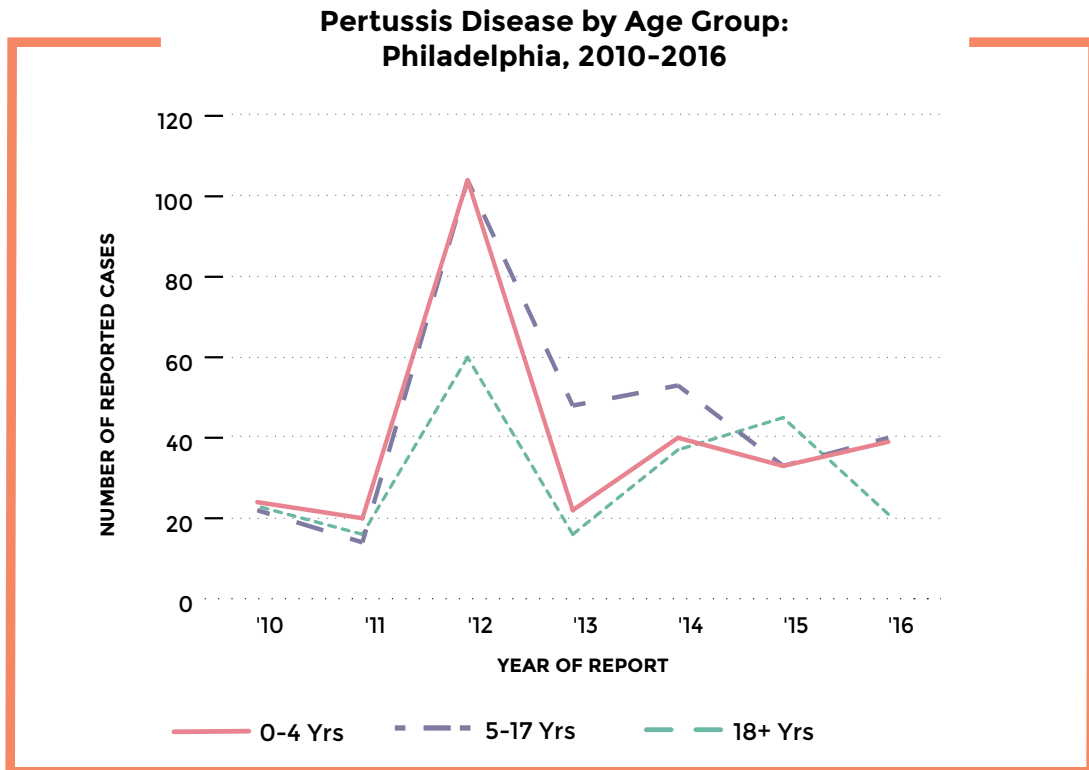


**Reports of Meningococcal Disease by Serogroup Per Year:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016**

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total N (%)
<b>Serogroup</b>											
B	0	1	8	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	15 (31%)
C	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	7 (15%)
W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (2%)
X	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1 (2%)
Y	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	14 (29%)
Z	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (2%)
Nontypeable	2	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	9 (19%)
<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>48 (100%)</b>

# PERTUSSIS

(*Bordetella pertussis*)



**Number of Pertussis Reports by Age and Gender:  
Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-4 Years		5-17 Years		18+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	16	16	17	17	9	9	42	42
<b>Female</b>	23	23	23	23	12	12	58	58
<b>Total</b>	39	39	40	40	21	21	100	100

\*unknown=1



# VECTOR- BORNE

DISEASES

TICKBORNE INFECTIONS

ARBOVIRAL INFECTIONS

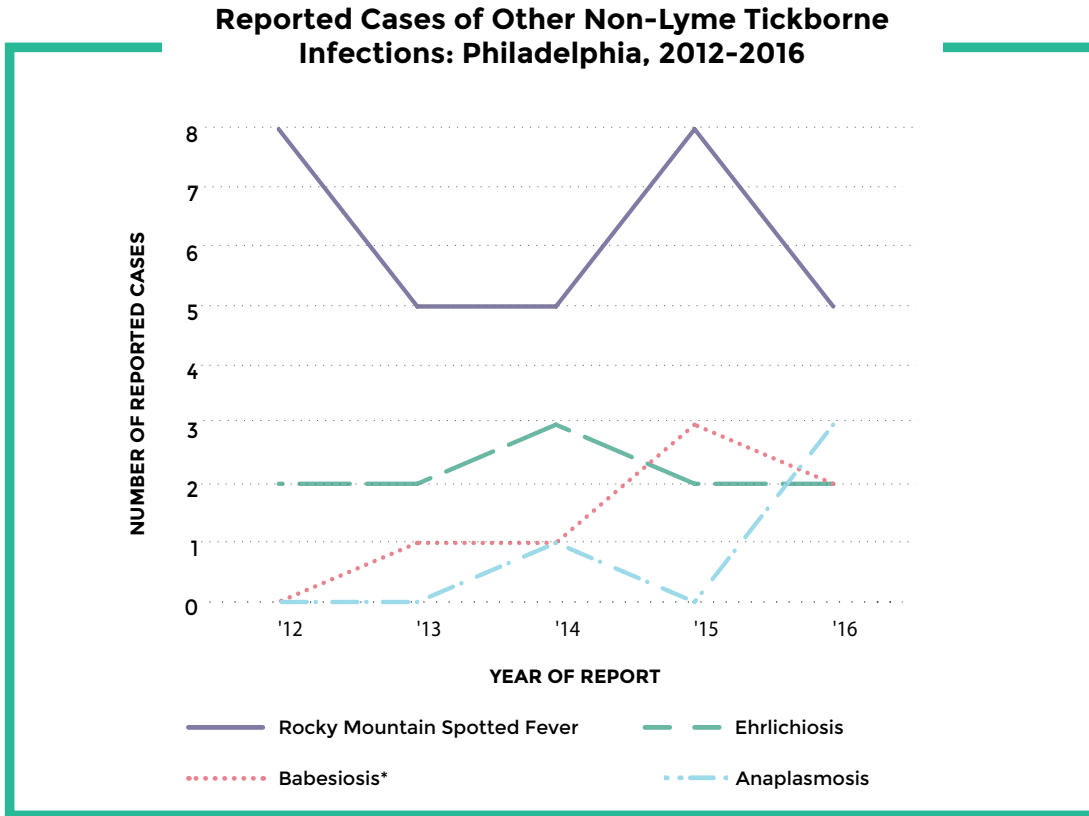
ZIKA VIRUS

LYME DISEASE

MALARIA

WEST NILE VIRUS

# TICKBORNE INFECTIONS



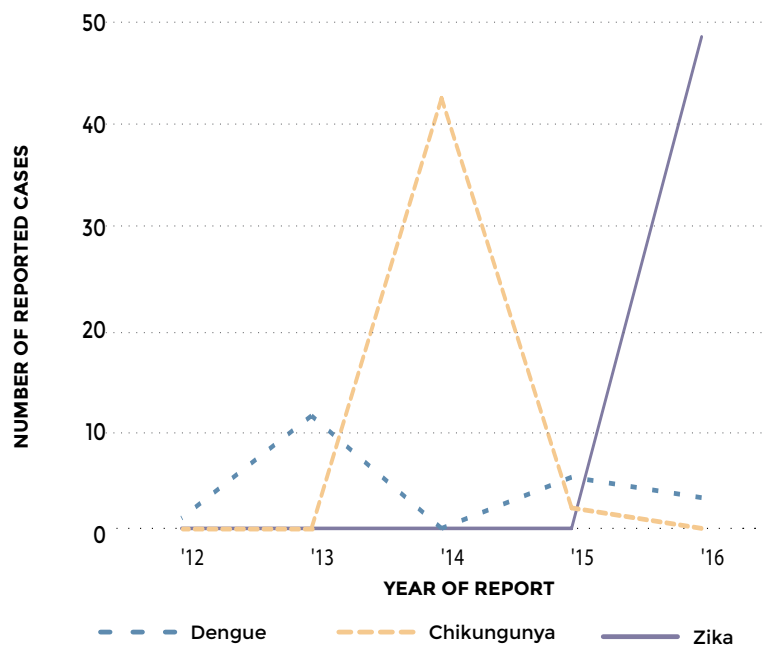
**Reported Cases of Other Non-Lyme Tickborne Infections: Philadelphia, 2012-2016**

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
<b>Anaplasmosis</b>	0	0	1	0	3	4
<b>Babesiosis*</b>	0	1	1	3	2	7
<b>Ehrlichiosis</b>	2	6	3	2	2	15
<b>Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever</b>	10	5	5	8	5	33
<b>Total</b>	12	12	10	13	12	59

\*Babesiosis includes locally-acquired and travel-associated tickborne infections as well as transfusion-associated cases

# ARBOVIRAL INFECTIONS

**Reported Cases of Travel-associated Arboviral Infections: Philadelphia, 2012-2016**



**OF NOTE**

There were 2 Zika cases acquired through sexual contact with a returning traveler. One Zika probable case was an infant with asymptomatic congenital infection and no identified birth defects. All other Zika cases traveled to an affected area.

**Travel-associated Arboviral Infections: Philadelphia, 2012-2016**

	Chikungunya		Dengue		Zika	
	n= 44	%	n= 20	%	n= 48	%
<b>Female</b>	34	77	11	55	36	75
<b>Foreign Born</b>	31	70	7	35	35	73
<b>Hospitalized</b>	9	20	12	60	0	0
<b>Death</b>	0	0	1	5	0	0
<b>Median Age (Range) Years</b>	42.5	(5-78)	41.5	(10-79)	35	(0-73)

\* The following countries had more than 1 case with documented travel (n=102): Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, India, Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, Brazil, Costa Rica, Mexico, Guatemala, and Colombia

# ZIKA VIRUS

## OF NOTE

In 2016, PDPH began Zika-related surveillance activities that includes exposure classification, symptomology, and providing laboratory testing guidance to providers (Table 1).

In addition, PDPH began tracking pregnancy and infant outcomes for women with evidence of confirmed, probable, or suspected Zika infection during pregnancy as part of the CDC's US Zika Pregnancy Registry. By the close of the year, pregnancy outcomes had occurred for 15 women and among the 12 live births, no infant abnormalities were identified (Table 2).

**Table 1: Zika Virus Cases  
Philadelphia, PA, 2016**

	N	(%)
<b>TOTAL IDENTIFIED CASES</b>	48	100
<b>STATUS</b>		
Confirmed	24	50
Probable	24	50
<b>EXPOSURE TYPE</b>		
Travel-associated, mosquito-borne transmission	45	94
Locally-acquired, mosquito-borne transmission	0	0
Sexual transmission	2	4
Congenital infection	1	2
<b>SYMPTOMATIC</b>	36	75

**Table 2: Zika Pregnancy Registry Cases  
Philadelphia, PA, 2016**

	N	(%)
<b>TOTAL</b>	48	100
<b>STATUS</b>		
Confirmed	4	18
Probable	13	59
Suspect	5	23
<b>TRIMESTER OF EXPOSURE</b>		
Preconception	16	73
1 <sup>st</sup> Trimester	16	73
2 <sup>nd</sup> Trimester	14	64
3 <sup>rd</sup> Trimester	8	36
<b>SYMPTOMATIC</b>	7	32

\* Confirmed: Zika Nucleic Acid Test (NAT) positive Zika and negative Zika and negative Dengue neutralizing antibodies

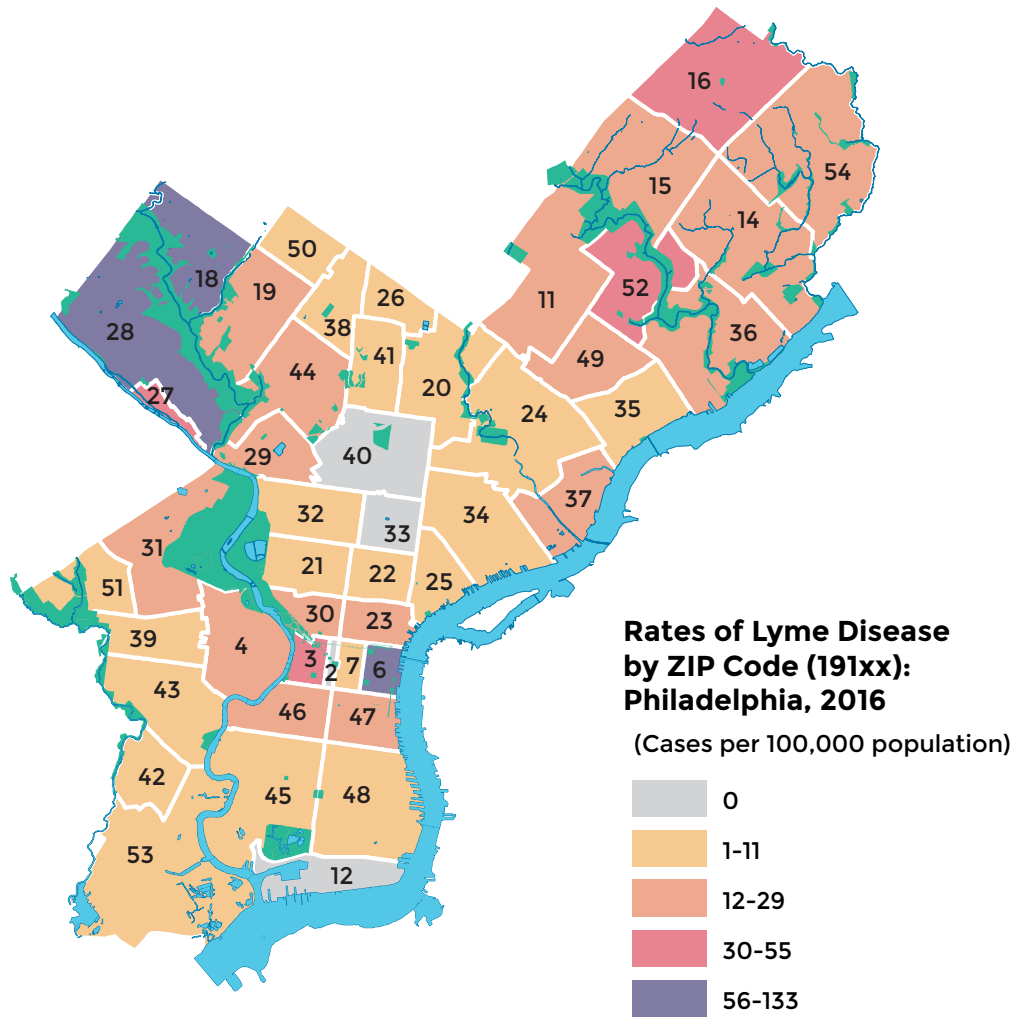
\*\* Probable: Zika IgM positive with positive Zika and positive Dengue neutralizing antibodies

\*\*\*Suspect: Zika IgM equivocal with positive Zika and Positive Dengue neutralizing antibodies



# LYME DISEASE

(*Borrelia burgdorferi*)



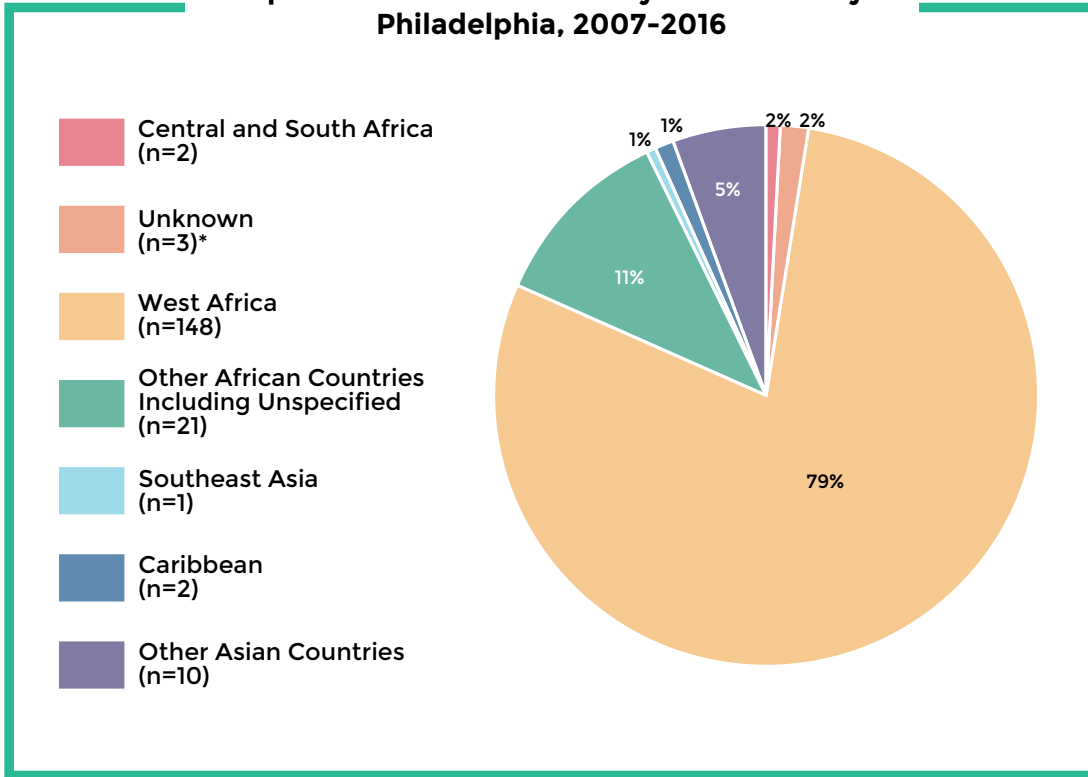
**Number of Lyme Disease Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-14 Years		15-34 Years		35-60 Years		61+ Years		Total	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male	26	11.0	39	16.5	46	19.5	25	10.6	136	57.6
Female	21	8.9	27	11.4	35	14.8	17	7.2	100	42.4
Total	47	19.9	66	27.9	81	34.3	42	17.8	236	100

# MALARIA

(*Plasmodia spp.*)

Reported Cases of Malaria by Travel History:  
Philadelphia, 2007-2016



\*Includes one cryptic case with unknown source of infection

# WEST NILE VIRUS

## OF NOTE

During the 2016 season, **4 Philadelphia residents developed West Nile Virus (WNV) infections** (4 neuro-invasive WNV and 0 WNV fever). All 4 cases occurred in adults >50 years of age and required hospitalization. One case was fatal. Cumulative WNV positivity in mosquitoes collected during the 2016 season was **lower** than 2015 (8% vs. 19%), though higher than the historic median (3%).



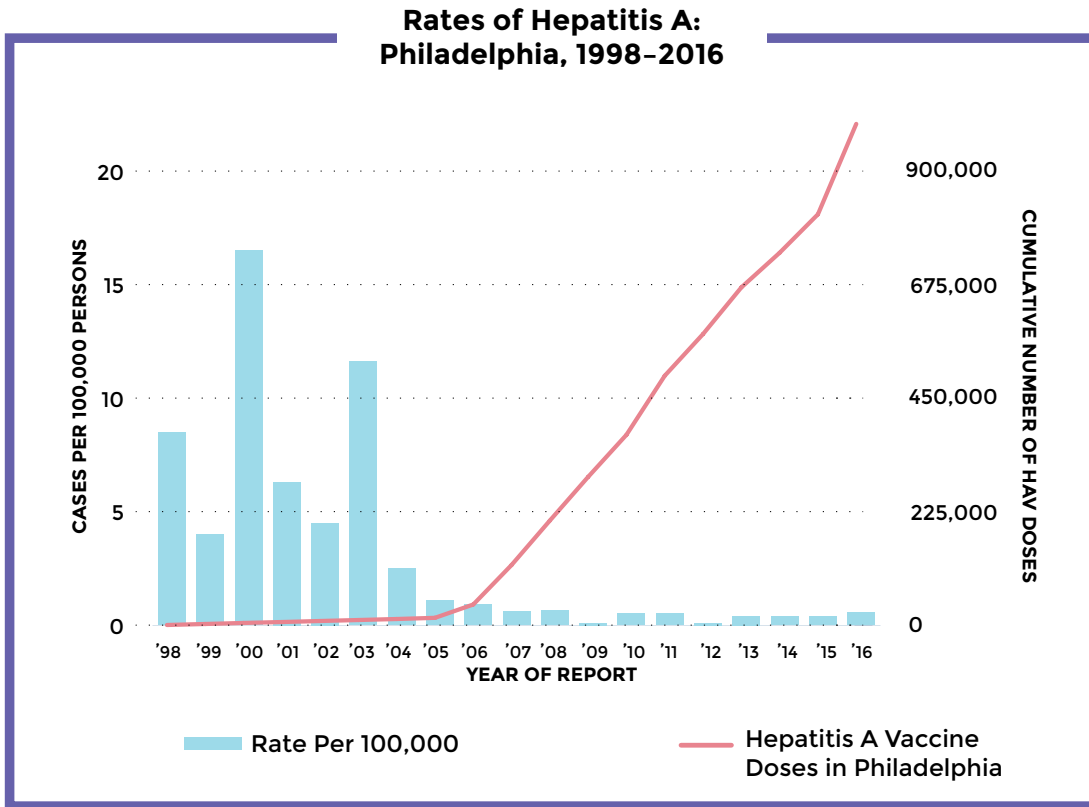
# **VIRAL HEPATITIS**

## **INFECTIONS**

HEPATITIS A  
HEPATITIS B & C-ACUTE  
HEPATITIS B-CHRONIC  
HEPATITIS B & C-PERINATAL  
HEPATITIS C-CHRONIC

# HEPATITIS A

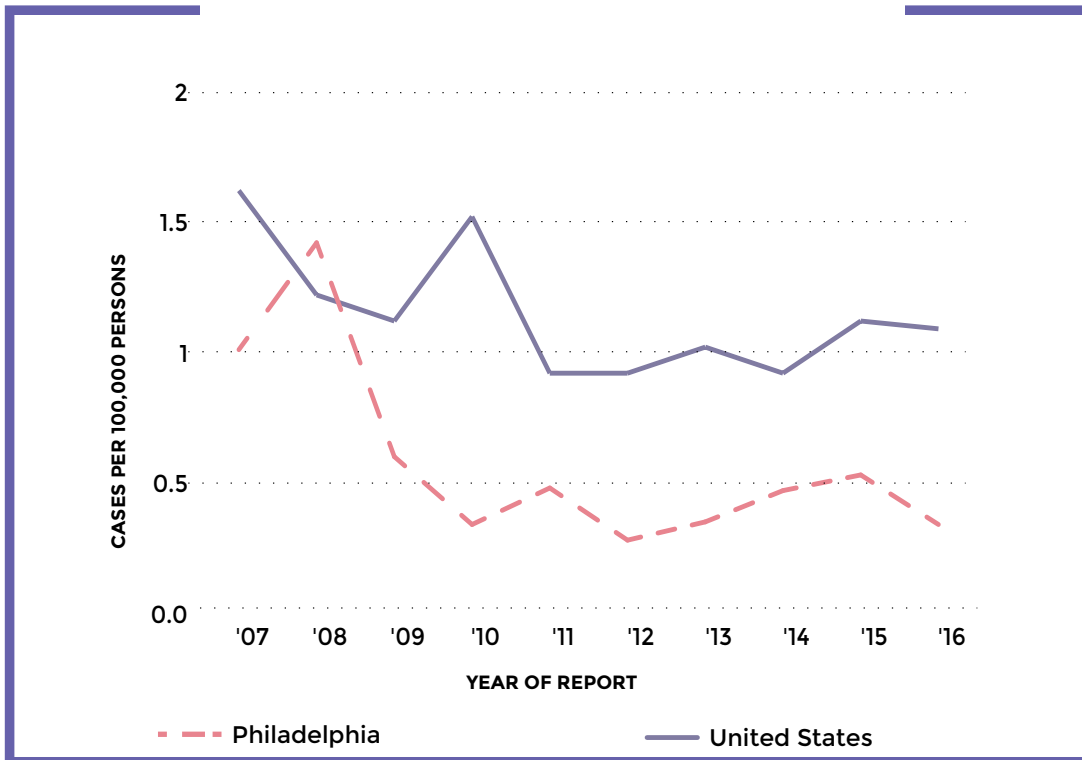
(Hepatitis A virus)



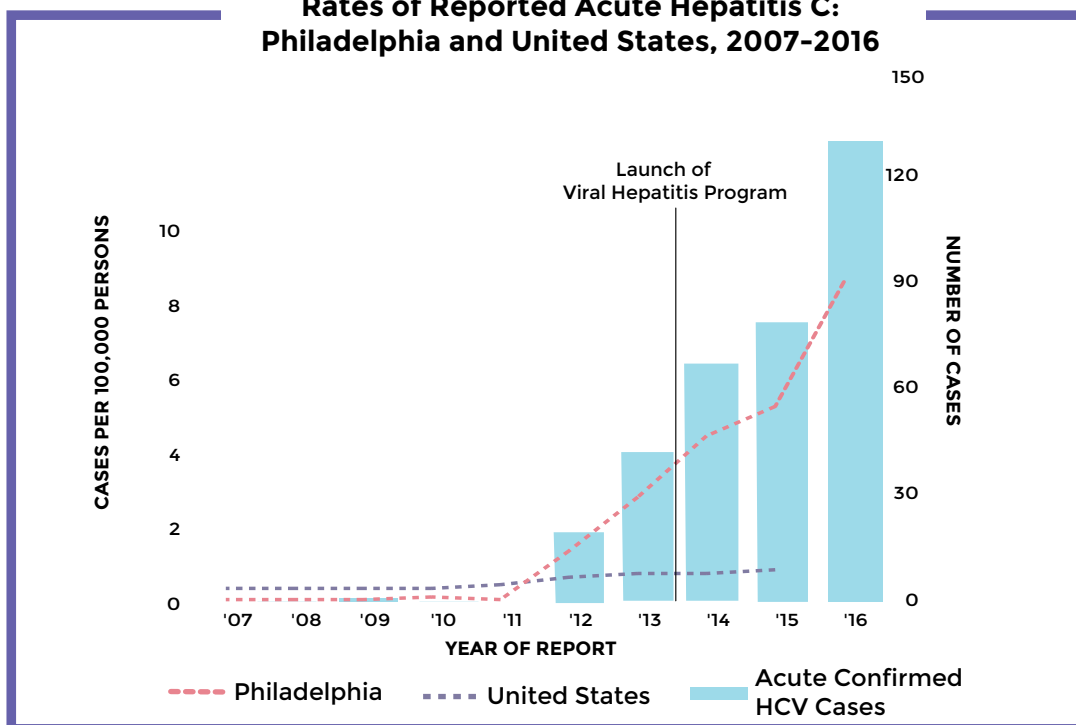
# HEPATITIS-ACUTE

(Hepatitis B & C virus)

**Rates of Reported Acute Hepatitis B:  
Philadelphia and United States, 2007-2016**

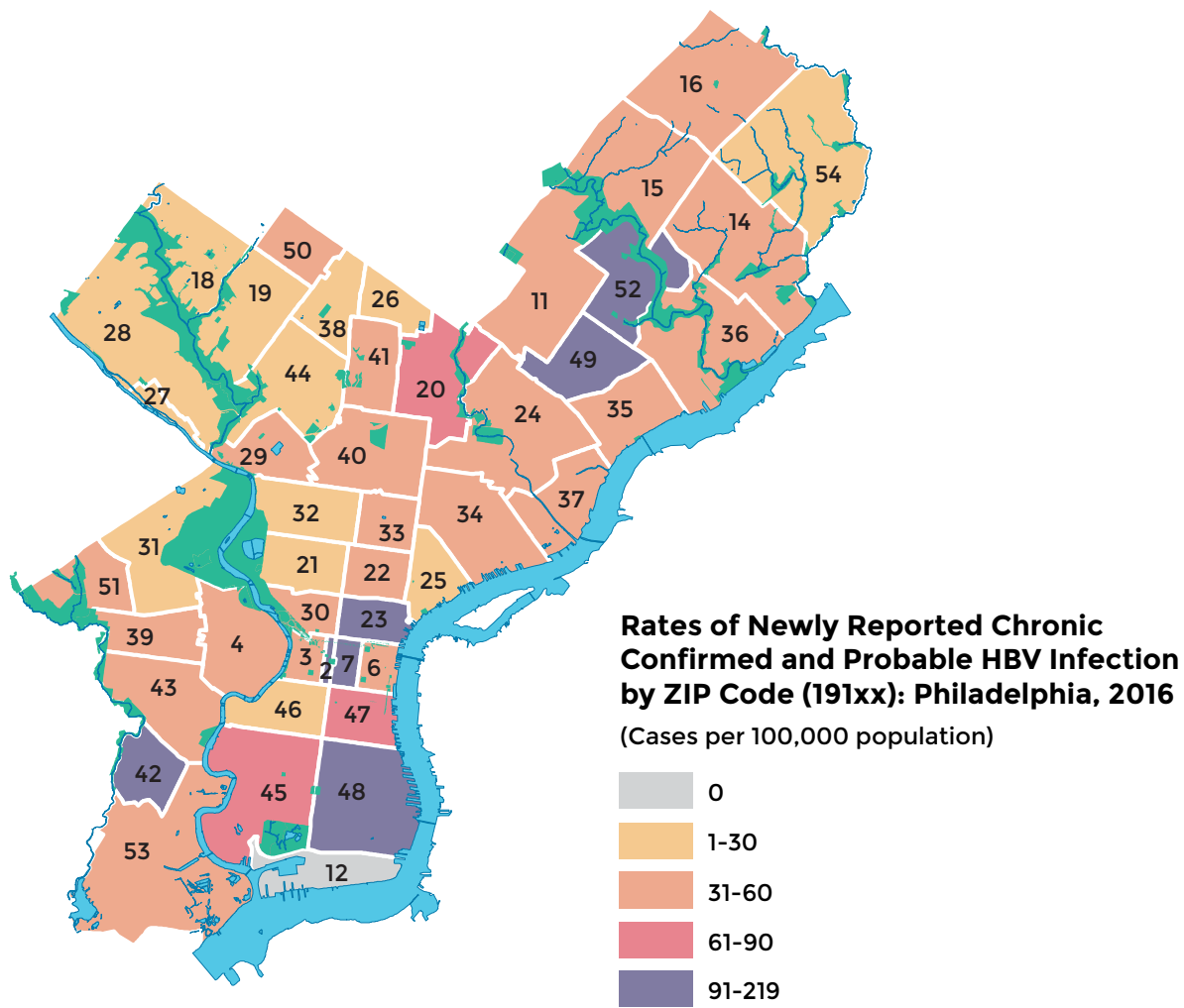


**Rates of Reported Acute Hepatitis C:  
Philadelphia and United States, 2007-2016**



# HEPATITIS B-CHRONIC

(Hepatitis B virus)



**Number of Newly-reported Chronic Hepatitis B Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-30 Years		31-45 Years		46-65 Years		66+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male	96	11.1	174	20.1	181	20.9	48	5.6	499	57.7
Female	114	13.2	120	13.9	106	12.3	24	2.8	364	42.1
Total	210	24.3	294	34.0	287	33.2	72	8.3	863*	100

\*Missing 2

# HEPATITIS-PERINATAL

(Hepatitis B & C virus)

## Comparison of Perinatal Hepatitis B: Philadelphia 2008-2015

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total Mother-Child Pairs Followed</b>	162	173	161	131	171	153	164	155
<b>Total Children Receiving HBIG Within One Calendar Day of Birth</b>	162 (100%)	168 (97%)	159 (99%)	129 (98%)	154 (90%)	140 (92%)	23 (14%)	81 (52%)
<b>Total Children Receiving Birth HBV Within One Calendar Day of Birth</b>	162 (100%)	171 (99%)	161 (100%)	129 (98%)	167 (98%)	150 (98%)	22 (23%)	128 (83%)
<b>Total Children Receiving 3 HBV Vaccines in 1 Year</b>	153 (94%)	156 (90%)	140 (87%)	114 (87%)	167 (98%)	134 (88%)	139 (85%)	120 (77%)
<b>Children HBsAg+ at Screening</b>	0	0	3 (2%)	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	1 (<1%)
<b>Household Contacts Identified and Educated</b>	167	182	130	79	-	-	-	-
<b>Household Contacts Tested</b>	117	115	86	75	-	-	-	-
<b>Household Contacts Susceptible</b>	17 [9]	6 [4]	8 [2]	10 [6]	-	-	-	-

**Note:** Due to the nature of the program, complete 2016 Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program results will not be available until 2018.

### OF NOTE

In 2016, PDPH formed the nation's first Perinatal Hepatitis C Program. The program aims to work with healthcare providers and mothers to: (1) identify hepatitis C-positive pregnant women, (2) encourage them to receive hepatitis C care, (3) work to ensure infants are tested appropriately for hepatitis C, (4) ensure hepatitis C-positive infants are linked to a specialist, and (5) characterize perinatal hepatitis C in Philadelphia.

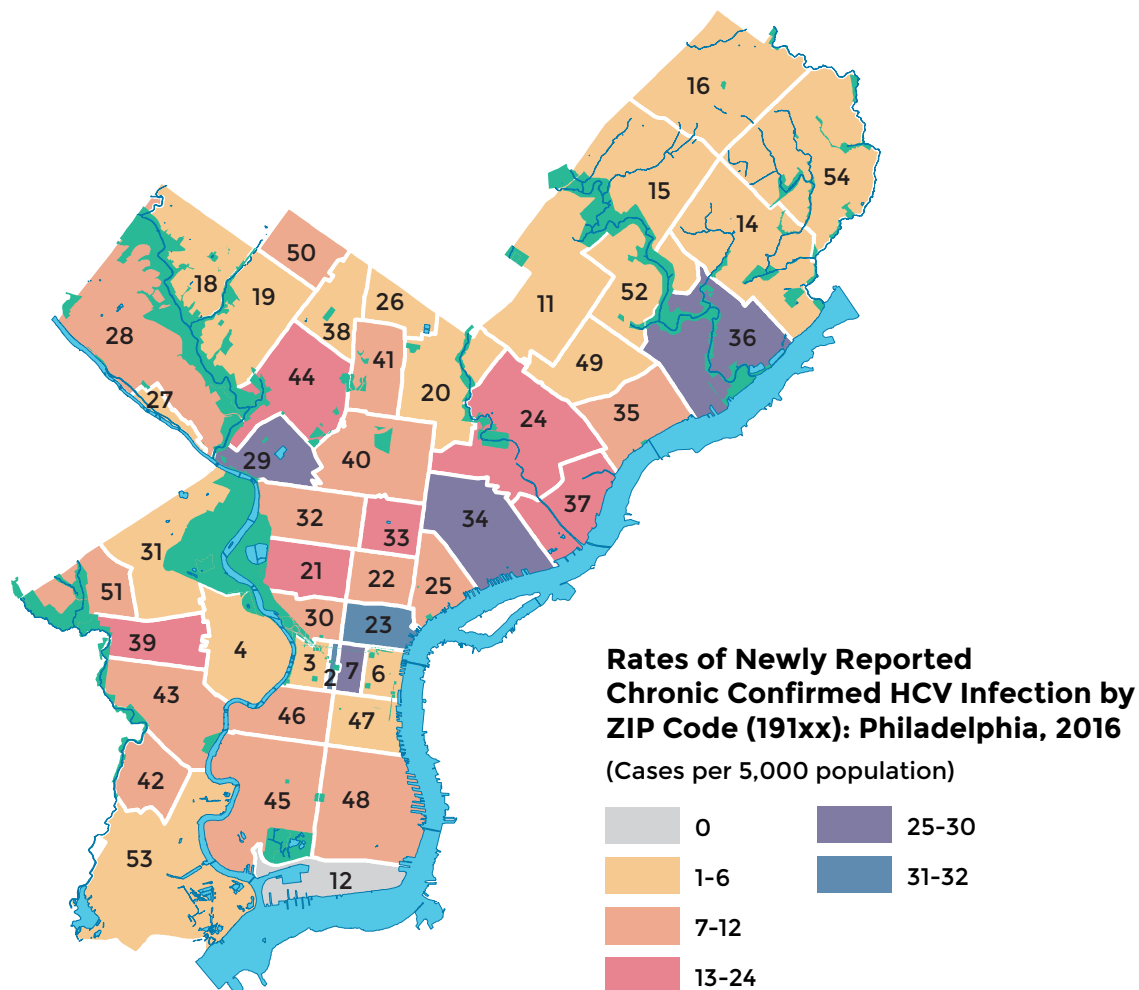
### Hepatitis C-positive Babies After Perinatal Exposure: Philadelphia, 2016

Year of Birth	2013	2014	2015
Number of Positive Perinatal Exposure	2	3	9

**Note:** The data above was prior to the formation of the Perinatal Hepatitis C program. Due to the nature of the program, complete 2016 Perinatal Hepatitis C Program results will not be available until 2018.

# HEPATITIS C-CHRONIC

(Hepatitis C virus)



**Number of Newly-reported Chronic Hepatitis C Reports by Age and Gender: Philadelphia, 2016**

	0-18 Years		19-30 Years		31-45 Years		46-65 Years		66+ Years		Total*	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
<b>Male</b>	12	0.4	240	8.4	494	17.2	862	30.0	204	7.1	1812	63.7
<b>Female</b>	10	0.3	237	8.3	273	9.5	407	14.2	107	3.7	1034	36.3
<b>Total</b>	22	0.7	477	16.7	767	26.7	1269	44.2	311	10.8	2846	100

\*Missing 29





# **REPORTING DISEASES & CONDITIONS**

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE LIST  
REPORT FORM

# PHILADELPHIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION OF DISEASE CONTROL (DDC)

Phone: 215-685-6748

Fax: 215-238-6947

For after hours immediate reporting & consultation: 215-686-4514 – ask for Division of Disease Control on-call staff

## REPORTABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS/HIV) ‡	Listeriosis
Amebiasis	Lyme disease
Animal bites (wild/stray/domestic)	Malaria
<b>Anthrax *</b>	<b>Measles (rubeola) *</b>
Babesiosis	<b>Melioidosis *</b>
<b>Botulism *</b>	Meningitis (viral, fungal, bacterial)
<b>Brucellosis *</b>	<b>Meningococcal infections *</b>
Campylobacteriosis	Mumps
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> including lymphogranuloma venereum	<b>Novel coronavirus (SARS, MERS-CoV) *</b>
Chancroid	Pertussis (whooping cough)
<b>Cholera *</b>	<b>Plague *</b>
Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease	<b>Poliomyelitis *</b>
Cryptosporidiosis	Psittacosis (ornithosis)
Cyclosporiasis	<b>Rabies *</b>
Dengue	Rickettsial diseases (including Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, rickettsial pox, typhus fever)
<b>Diphtheria *</b>	<b>Rubella (German Measles) &amp; Congenital Rubella *</b>
Ehrlichiosis/Anaplasmosis	Salmonellosis
<b>Encephalitis including all arboviruses *</b>	Shigellosis
<b>Escherichia coli O157:H7 and Shiga toxin-producing bacteria *</b>	<b>Smallpox *</b>
<b>Food poisoning *</b>	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , vancomycin insensitive
Giardiasis	Streptococcal disease, invasive group A
Gonococcal infections	Streptococcal disease, invasive group B (neonatal)
Guillain-Barré Syndrome	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , invasive disease
<b>Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease *</b>	Syphilis
<b>Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome *</b>	Tetanus
Hepatitis A	Toxic Shock Syndrome
Hepatitis B	Trichinosis
Hepatitis C	Tuberculosis §
Hepatitis, other viral	<b>Tularemia *</b>
Histoplasmosis	<b>Typhoid (Salmonella typhi and paratyphi) *</b>
<b>Influenza – novel influenza A *</b>	Vibriosis
<b>Influenza – pediatric mortality and institutional outbreaks *</b>	<b>West Nile Virus *</b>
Lead poisoning †	Varicella, including zoster
Legionnaires' disease	<b>Yellow Fever and other viral hemorrhagic fevers *</b>
Leprosy (Hansen's disease)	Yersiniosis
Leptospirosis	

\* Report suspected and confirmed cases within **24 hours** ‡ Report to AIDS Activities Coordinating Office at 215-685-4789

† Report to Lead Poisoning Prevention at 215-685-2788 § Report to TB Control Program at 215-685-6744 or -6873

**All other cases should be reported within 5 days**

**All unusual disease clusters, disease outbreaks, and unusual disease occurrences should be reported immediately**

To Report a Case to DDC, Call, Fax or Submit through PA-NEDSS the Following Information:  
Patient Name | Condition | Age/DOB, Sex, Address & Phone | Clinician Name, Address & Phone | Laboratory Testing

For more information, please visit <https://hip.phila.gov/xv>

Effective 06/14

**Notifiable Disease Case Report**  
(Confidential)

**Philadelphia Department of Public Health**  
**Division of Disease Control**

Communicable Disease Control Program  
500 S. Broad Street, Philadelphia, PA. 19146



**Identification of Patient**

Report Date (Mo., Day, Yr.)		Name (Last, First, M.I.)		Parent or caretaker (if applicable)	
Address (Number, Street, Apt #, City, Zip Code)				Telephone (H) _____	
				(W) _____	
				(C) _____	
DOB (Mo., Day, Yr.)	Age	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> M <input type="checkbox"/> F	Occupation		
Name of Employer or School			Address ( Number, Street, City, Zip Code)		

**Medical Information**

Disease or Condition	Date of Onset (Mo., Day, Yr.)		Diagnosis (check one)		Fatal (check one)	
	(If animal bite Date it Occurred)		<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes		
			<input type="checkbox"/> Lab confirmed	<input type="checkbox"/> No		
Chief Symptoms / Complaints			Suspected source of Infection (if known)			
If Case Hospitalized (Name of Hospital)			Admission Date	Discharge Date		

**Laboratory Information If Pertinent (Attach Copies If Applicable)**

Name of Tests Done	Site/Source	Results	Dates Done

**Animal Exposures**

Parts of Body Bitten	Type of Animal	Breed of Animal	Current Location Of Animal (Indicate if available for testing)
Name of Owner		Address of Owner (Number, Street, Apt #, City, Zip Code)	

**Reporter Information**

Name of Person Reporting Case	Reporter <input type="checkbox"/> ICP <input type="checkbox"/> ED <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	Phone
Reporting Institution	Address (Number, Street, City, Zip Code)	

**DO NOT WRITE IN AREA BELOW - FOR DEPARTMENT USE**

Name (Person Receiving Report)	Method of reporting <input type="checkbox"/> Phone <input type="checkbox"/> Fax <input type="checkbox"/> Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Active Surveillance <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

**Any unusual illness, disease clusters or possible outbreaks should be reported *immediately* by telephone. Please fax all completed reports to 215-238-6947, or call 215-685-6748 to report case by phone.**