

Philadelphia Department of Public Health Seasonal Influenza Surveillance Report

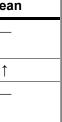
April 3, 2016 — April 9, 2016 (Week 14)

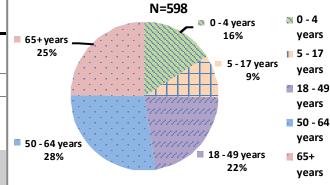
Philadelphia Influenza Activity

Please note these data are provisional and subject to change.

For week 14, influenza activity increased as 86 influenza-associated hospitalizations were reported. Approximately 58 detections of influenza A occurred at local hospital laboratories, a decrease from the previous week. Influenza A/H1N1 has remained the dominant influenza virus this season. Influenza-like illness (ILI) at emergency departments decreased while ILI activity at pediatric outpatient clinics rose during week 14. To date, there have been 10 influenza outbreaks in long term care facilities. There have been 10 influenza-associated deaths reported this season. There was one influenza-associated death reported during week 14.

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Surveillance type	Compared to week of 3/27-4/2	Compared to 3-yr seasonal* mean
Hospital ED Fever/flu visits	↓	_
Pediatric Clinics ILI	↑	↑
Laboratory Influenza Surveillance	ļ	_
= above 10 % of comparison group		





2015-2016 Hospitalized Influenza Cases,

- equivalent to comparison group (-10% to +10%)

mean of 2010-'11, 2012-'13, and 2013-'14 flu seasons epidemic flu activity time period (late December-early May); NA = data not available/not received

Pennsylvania Influenza Activity

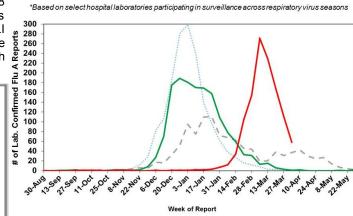
During week 14 (April 3, 2016—April 9, 2016), the number of influenza cases identified across the state decreased. There were 2,243 new cases of influenza reported (3,165 cases were reported the previous week 13). A total of 23,698 cases of influenza (positive by any test type) have been reported this season. Laboratory, hospital emergency department, and $\frac{4}{5}$ 10 sentinel medical provider data all indicate decrease in influenza activity. The majority of cases (60.51%) have tested positive (via rapid test. PCR, or viral culture) for influenza A. To date, there have been 40 influenza-associated deaths in Pennsylvania (10 inside the Philadelphia city limits), two between the ages of 18-49, 15 between the ages 50-64, the other 23 65+. Influenza case activity throughout the state continues to be classified as widespread for week 14, influenza activity remained the highest in the southeastern part of the state.

United States Influenza Activity

During week 14 (April 3-9, 2016), influenza activity decreased, but remained elevated in the United States. The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories during week 14 was influenza A, with influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 viruses predominating. The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories decreased. The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the system -specific epidemic threshold in the NCHS Mortality Surveillance System and above the system-specific epidemic threshold in the 122 Cities Mortality Reporting System. Ten influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported. A cumulative rate for the season of 26.6 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported. The

proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 2.1%, which is at the national baseline of 2.1%. Six of 10 regions reported ILI at or above region-specific baseline levels. One state experienced high ILI activity; Puerto Rico and one state experienced moderate ILI activity; 11 states experienced low ILI activity; New York City and 36 states experienced minimal ILI activity; and the District of Columbia and one state had insufficient data. The geographic spread of influenza in Puerto Rico and 18 states was reported as widespread (Delaware and Pennsylvania); Guam and 19 states reported regional activity (New Jersey); the District of Columbia and ten states reported local activity; and the U.S. Virgin Islands and three states reported sporadic activity.

Laboratory-Based Surveillance for Influenza A Philadelphia, 2012/2013 through 2015/2016 Seasons*



Influenza-like Illness at Philadelphia Emergency Departments and Pediatric Ambulatory Clinics, 2015-16 Data Compared to 3-Year Historical Weekly* and Seasonal** Averages

2012/'13 - -2013/'14 ----2014/'15 ---

